Addressing Mental Health in Schools by Implementing Evidence-Based Programs

The Implementation Specialist Team at Penn State EPIS

Thursday, May 27, 2021

9:00-10:00am





Today's Presenters



Jordan Joyce



Nicole Wells, MS



Heather Roberts

Implementation Specialists at Penn State EPIS

Penn State EPIS

Mission: EPIS is a university-based intermediary organization connecting research, policy and real-world practice to improve outcomes for children and families across Pennsylvania.

Vision: A world leader in translating prevention science to practice.





Penn State EPIS

Funded since 2008 by the Pennsylvania Commission on Crime & Delinquency (PCCD).

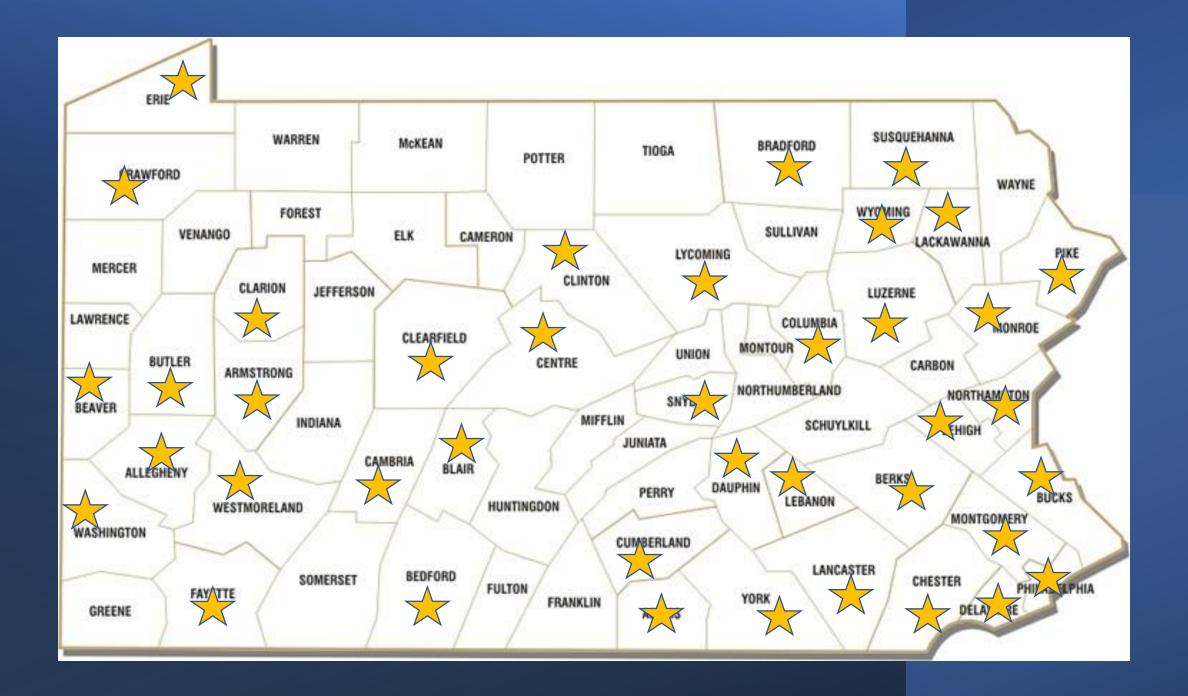
The EPIS Project is housed within Penn State's College of Health and Human Development, Edna Bennett Pierce the Prevention Research Center.

Our office is located in downtown State College.











Who is joining us today?

Goals for Today...

- 1. Share data sources and trends that lead to the need of evidence-based programs that address mental health.
- 2. Provide a listing of evidence-based programs that may meet your school's current needs.

3. Bridge a connection with each of you to see how we can help.





Pennsylvania Commission on Crime & Delinquency

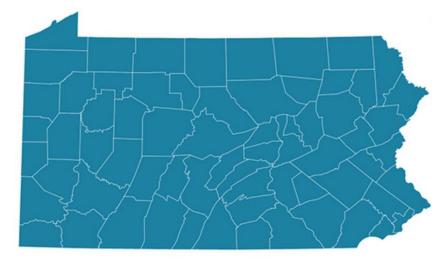


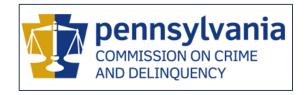
PCCD initiates, validates, and financially supports justice-related programs put forth by practitioners and experts in the justice system. We focus on research, policy, planning, training, evidence-based programming, technology, outreach, and support services. Through this, PCCD helps to:

- ✓ empower communities through collaboration.
- ✓ protect and support crime victims.
- ✓ enhance law enforcement.
- ✓ break the linkage of mental health, intellectual disabilities, substance abuse and crime.
- ✓ launch evidence-based, innovative programs.
- ✓ advocate for safe schools.
- ✓ provide technological and information-sharing tools.
- ✓ research justice trends that warrant attention and action.

Pennsylvania Youth Survey (PAYS)

- A survey of 6th, 8th, 10th and 12th graders to learn about their behavior, attitudes and knowledge concerning alcohol, tobacco, other drugs and violence.
- It is sponsored and conducted every two years by the Pennsylvania Commission on Crime and Delinquency
- Data gathered in PAYS serve two primary needs.
 - First, the results provide school administrators, state agency directors, legislators and others with critical information concerning the changes in patterns of the use and abuse of these harmful substances and behaviors.
 - Second, the survey assesses risk factors that are related to these behaviors and the protective factors that help guard against them. This information allows community leaders to direct prevention resources to areas where they are likely to have the greatest impact.

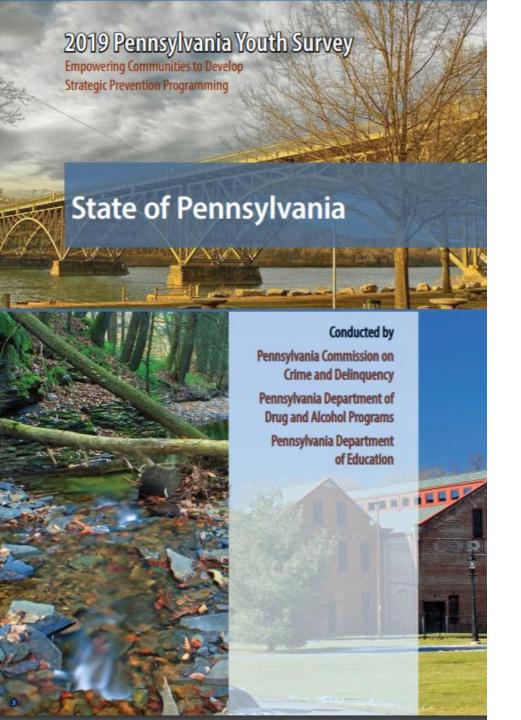












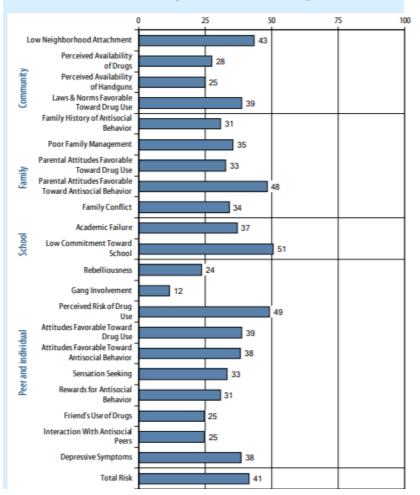
2019 PAYS

- **413** out of 500 school districts participated! That is an 82.6% participation rate.
- **❖** From 2017 to 2019, there was a 9.6% increase in participation.
- 280,944 youth were surveyed

How to access the 2019 Statewide PAYS Report and/or the Statewide Highlights Report:

https://www.pccd.pa.gov/Juvenile-Justice/Pages/Pennsylvania-Youth-Survey-(PAYS)-2019.aspx

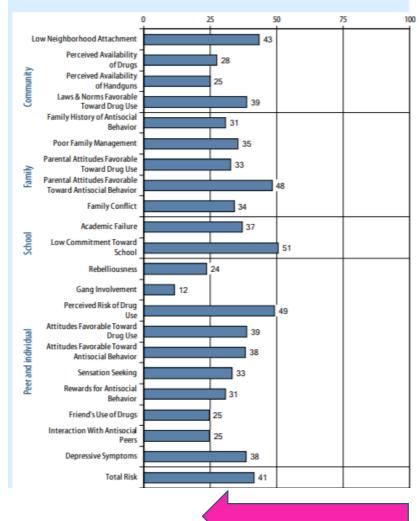
State of Pennsylvania Risk Factors, 2019 Pennsylvania Youth Survey



Statewide Risk Factors

• Risk Factors are things that INCREASE the chances of youth developing problems such as becoming involved in drug use, delinquency, school dropout, and/or violence.

State of Pennsylvania Risk Factors, 2019 Pennsylvania Youth Survey

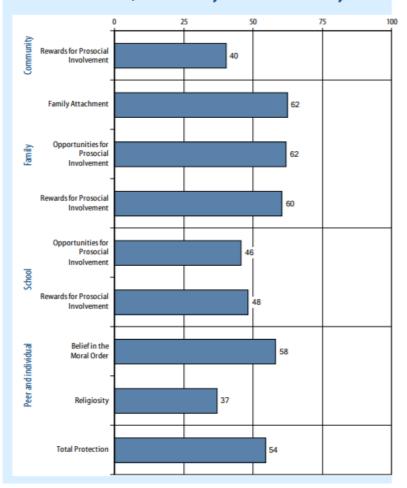


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• Risk Factors are things that INCREASE the chances of youth developing problems such as becoming involved in drug use, delinquency, school dropout, and/or violence.

We want to implement programs and services that target the decrease of these risk factors. We also want to monitor the data overtime to know that our interventions are working!

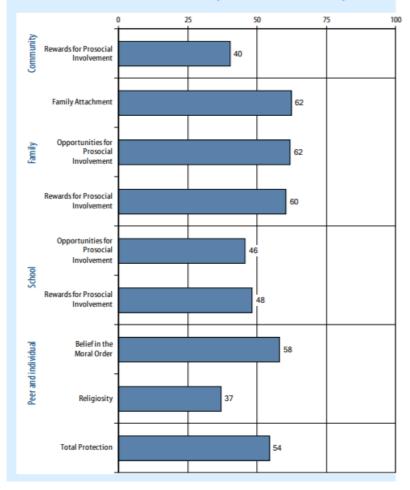
State of Pennsylvania Protective Factors, 2019 Pennsylvania Youth Survey



Statewide Protective Factors

• Protective Factors are things that DECREASE the chances of youth having problems. They reduce the impact of the risk factors or change the way youth respond to the risk factors.

State of Pennsylvania Protective Factors, 2019 Pennsylvania Youth Survey

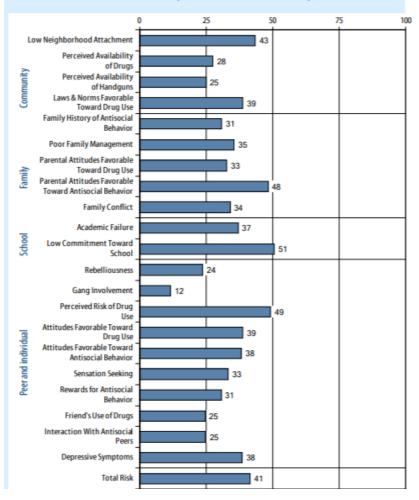


Statewide Protective Factors

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We want to implement programs and services that target the increase of these protective factors. We also want to monitor the data overtime to know that our interventions are working!

State of Pennsylvania Risk Factors, 2019 Pennsylvania Youth Survey



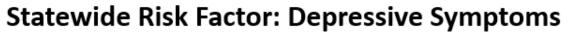
Statewide Risk Factors

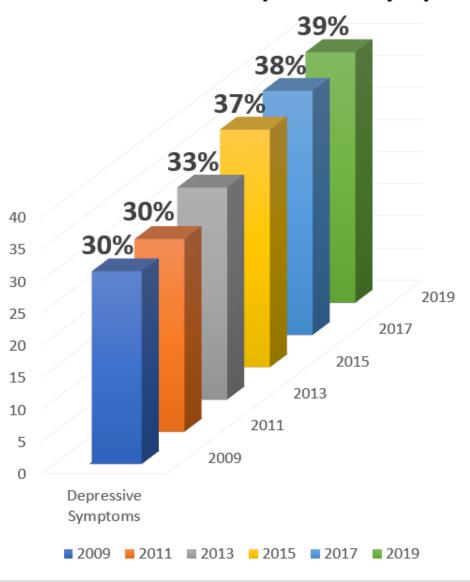
Depressive Symptoms

Young people who are depressed are overrepresented in the criminal justice system and are more likely to use drugs. Survey research and other studies have shown a link between depression and other youth problem behaviors.

- C4 In the past 12 months have you felt depressed or sad MOST days, even if you feel OK sometimes?
- C5 Sometimes I think that life is not worth it.
- C6 At times I think I am no good at all.
- C7 All in all, I am inclined to think that I am a failure.

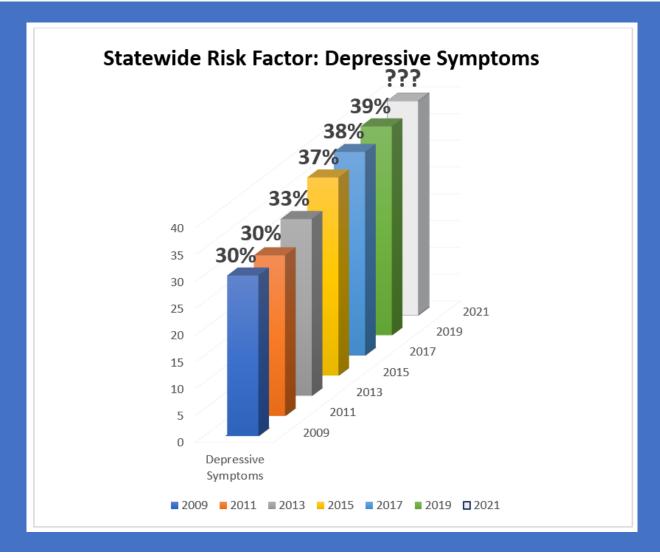
https://www.pccd.pa.gov/Juvenile-Justice/Pages/Pennsylvania-Youth-Survey-(PAYS)-2019.aspx







Will we see this increasing trend continue with 2021 PAYS Survey?







https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/NBK32776/



Washington State Dept. Of Health's List of Common Emotional Responses for Children During Disasters

Pre-School Aged Children

- Difficulty sleeping
- Being afraid of the dark
- Experiencing nightmares
- Eating too little/too much
- Worried about being separated from parents/caregivers
- Regression
- Anxious
- Acting out the disaster while playing pretend

School Aged Children

- Confusion
- Forgetfulness
- Stomach aches
- Headaches
- Acting to extremes lots of energy, silliness
- Overreactions/Tantrums
- Destructive behaviors Breaking toys, hitting/kicking.
- Anxious
- Struggles with school
- Having difficulty remembering what they learned

Teens

- Anxious
- Worry
- Fear
- Sad
- Guilt
- Anger,
- Disappointed
- Hopelessness
- Changes in social behaviors
- Substance abuse (alcohol and/or drug)



Assuming all schools will be back inperson in the fall 2021, take one minute and think about what challenges your teachers AND your school staff may face.

Assuming all schools will be back in-person in the fall 2021, take one minute and think about what challenges your teachers AND your school may face....



- Difficulty paying attention, having a hard time focusing on schoolwork.
- Trouble remembering what they learned, trouble remembering to complete tasks.
- Having too much energy, acting too silly.
- Feeling really tired all of the time, having a hard time sleeping.
- Having stomachaches or headaches.
- Being cranky, having tantrums, or crying often.
- Blurting or having a hard time thinking before they speak or act.

What are <u>short-term</u> impacts if emotional or behavioral challenges are unaddressed?



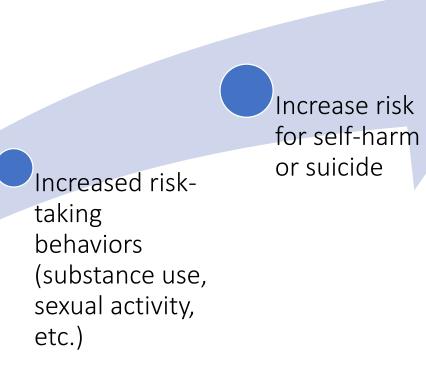




- Poor Academics
- Defiance or Refusal
- Poor Decision Making
- Poor Peer Interactions

- Family Conflict
- Lack of Concentration
- Low Self-Esteem
- Lack of Interest

What are potential <u>long-term</u> impacts of emotional or behavioral challenges are unaddressed?

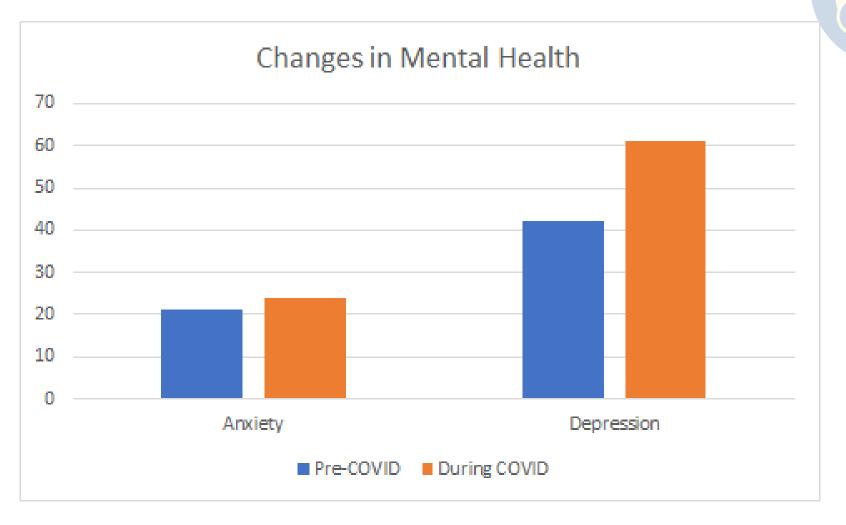


Poor academic performance, truancy or school drop out

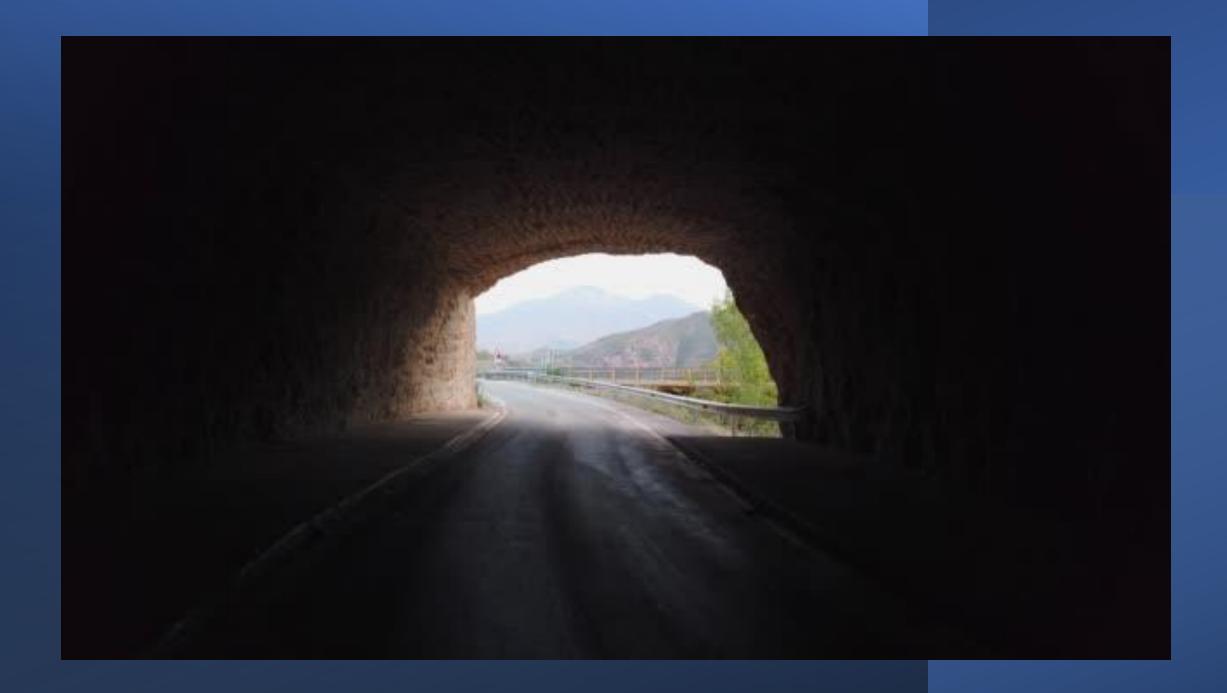
Mental Health & Behavior

Association of Depression with:	Pre-COVID	During COVID
Binge drinking		*
High-intensity drinking		*
Cigarettes	*	
Vaping nicotine	***	***
Marijuana	***	***
Sexual activity		
No physical activity	***	*
Food insecurity	***	**

* p< .05 ** p< .01 *** p< .001



Penn State CORE: Student Well-Being Before and During the COVID-19 Pandemic by Stephanie Lanza, PhD & Courtney Whetzel, PhD





What can we do in schools to address the challenges related to the emotional and behavioral concerns we have listed out or thought of today?

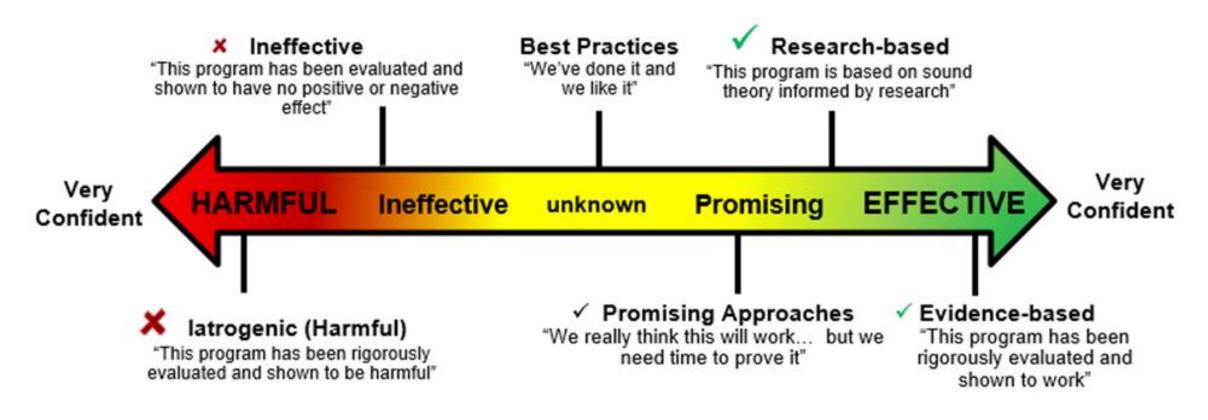
Implement Evidence-Based Programs that Target Identified Needs

What is an Evidence-Based Program?

Evidence-based programs are those that have gone through rigorous evaluations proving that they have significant long-term outcomes for the populations they serve.

Evidence-based programs will only produce the short and long-term outcomes shown in the research if they are done well, with high quality, and implemented the way the developer(s) designed them to be.

Programs can be placed along a **continuum of confidence** based on their evidence or theory



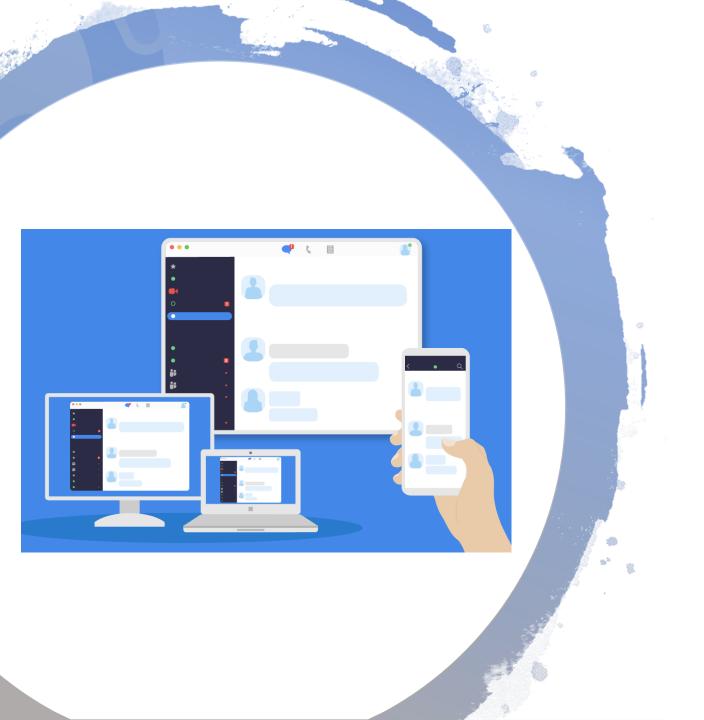
*Bumbarger & Rhoades, 2012





Clearinghouses for Evidence-Based Programs

Clearing nouses for Evidence-based Programs			
Rating Source	Area of Focus	Website	
Blueprints for Healthy Youth Development	Child welfare, juvenile justice	www.blueprintsprograms.com	
California Evidence-Based Clearinghouse for Child Welfare	Child welfare	www.cebc4cw.org/	
Coalition for Evidence-Based Policy	Social policy	coalition4evidence.org	
CrimeSolutions.gov	Criminal justice	www.crimesolutions.gov/	
National Registry of Evidence-based Programs and Practice	Substance abuse, mental health	www.samhsa.gov/nrepp	
Promising Practices Network	Child welfare, juvenile justice, social programs	www.promisingpractices.net/programs.asp	
What Works Clearinghouse	Education	ies.ed.gov/ncee/wwc/	
What Works in Reentry Clearinghouse	Criminal justice	whatworks.csgjusticecenter.org	
Title IV-E Prevention Services Clearinghouse (Family First)	Child welfare	https://preventionservices.abtsites.com/	



Please share some school-based programs that are currently being implemented in your school that are evidence-based?





Evidence-Based Programs that can be considered...

- 1. The Incredible Years® Programs
- 2. PATHS®
- 3. The Positive Action Program
- 4. The BounceBack Program
- 5. The Cognitive Behavioral Intervention for Trauma in Schools (CBITS)
- 6. The Blues Program

School-Level	Evidence-Based Programs that can be considered
Pre-Kindergarten	 The Incredible Years® programs PATHS®
Elementary School	 The Incredible Years® programs PATHS® The Positive Action program The BounceBack Program
Middle School	The Positive Action programThe Cognitive Behavioral Intervention for Trauma in Schools (CBITS)
High School	• The Blues Program

Visit our website for informational videos, resources, data collection tools, as well as lots of additional resources.

http://epis.psu.edu



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EDNA BENNETT PIERCE PREVENTION RESEARCH CENTER



Evidence-based Prevention and Intervention Support



Home PA Youth Survey Communities That Care Evidence-Based Programs SPEP™ Welcome to EPIS About **EPIS Divisions Evidence-based Prevention and Intervention Support About EPIS** EPIS is a university-based intermediary organization connecting research, policy Planning **TA Resources** and real-world practice to improve outcomes for children and families across **EPIS Staff Families and Youth** Pennsylvania.

> EPIS offers free technical assistance in three divisions, the links below provide additional information.

- Data-driven Prevention Planning
- Implementing Programs for Families and Youth
- Improving Juvenile Justice Programs

Evidence-based Prevention and Intervention Support (EPIS) represents a collaborative partnership between the Pennsylvania Commission on Crime and Delinquency (PCCD), and the Edna Bennett Pierce Prevention Research Center (PRC), College of Health and Human Development, Penn State University, with funding and support from the Pennsylvania Commission on Crime and Delinguency (PCCD), the Pennsylvania Department of Human Services (DHS) and **Data-Driven Prevention**

Implementing Programs for

Improving Juvenile Justice **Programs**

Audiences

Service Providers

Policy Makers

Researchers / Developers

Youth and Families

The Incredible Years® (IY) Program - Dina Classroom





Grade Levels: Pre-Kindergarten through 2nd Grade

Program delivered by: Classroom Teachers

Lessons: Two lessons per week, 20-30 minutes in length, 60+ lessons

Training consists of: Three full days facilitated by an IY Trainer

Can you develop a trainer at your school?

No, not at this time.

The Incredible Years® (IY) Program – Dina Small Group Therapy





Grade Levels: Pre-Kindergarten through 2nd Grade Program delivered by:

Counselors, Therapists, or Special Education
Teachers to treat children with conduct problems,
ADHD, and internalizing problems. Program is
delivered to small groups of six to eight children.
Lessons: Two-hour lessons delivered weekly, over

18-22 weeks of time

Training consists of: Three full days facilitated by an IY Trainer

Can you develop a trainer at your school?

No, not at this time.

What can you expect after delivering IY Dina Classroom & IY Dina Small Group?



Increased Social Competence and Emotional Regulation and School Readiness

Program Outcomes:

- *Improved concentration
 - *Improved attention
 - *Improved self-control
- *Increased emotional competence
- *Improved social problem-solving
- *Developed anger-management skills
- *Reduced youth conduct problems at school and home







PATHS® - Promoting Alternative THinking Strategies

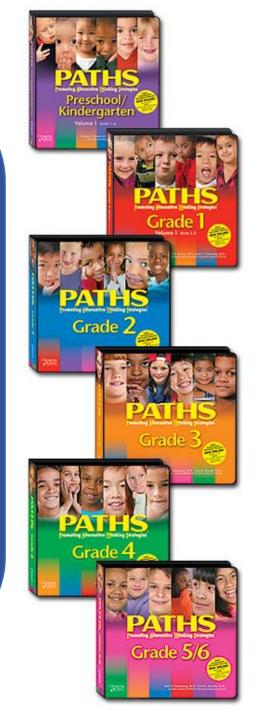
Grade Levels: Pre-Kindergarten through Grades 5/6

Program delivered by: Classroom Teachers but concepts can be utilized by all adults throughout the school and at home.

Lessons: Taught 2-3 times a week, 20-30 minutes in length. Number of lessons by grade level: Pre-K/K (44), Grade 1 (52), Grade 2 (50), Grade 3 (42), Grade 4 (40), Grade 5/6 (36).

Training consists of: Two full training days that are 6-8 weeks apart.

Can you develop a trainer at your school/agency? Yes.



What can you expect after delivering PATHS®?

Improved Emotion Knowledge & Awareness:

-Expanded vocabulary for emotions
-Understanding that feelings are important signals and to pay attention to them
-Understanding all feelings are ok
-Labeling feelings as comfortable or uncomfortable
-Recognizing feelings are different from behaviors
-Having empathy for others and their feelings

Improved Self-Control:

-Understanding communication of feelings is important

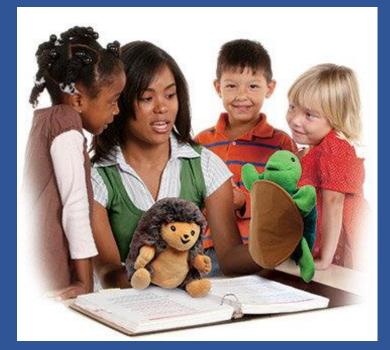
-Ability to tolerate frustration
-Awareness of need to stop and calm down when upset
-Less likely to act impulsively
-Healthy coping and stress management

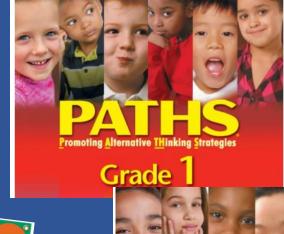
Improved Social Problem Solving:

-Ability to use effective problem-solving strategies
-Improved prosocial peer relations
-Confidence in problem solving

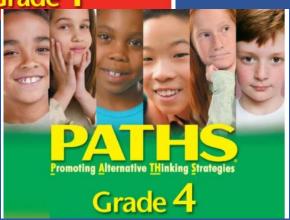












Positive Action® (PA)





Grade Levels: Kindergarten through 8th Grade

Program delivered by: Classroom Teachers or Counselors

Lessons: 2-3 lessons per week, 15-20 minutes in length, 140 lessons for K-6; 82 lessons for 7-8 grades

Training consists of: 2-5 full days facilitated by an PA Trainer

Can you develop a trainer at your school? Yes

Additional Information: School Climate Kit should be used in addition to grade level kits.

What can you expect after delivering Positive Action?



Proximal/Short Term Outcomes:

-Improved grades and test scores-Improved self-esteem and self-efficacy-Improved health behaviors

Distal/Long Term Outcomes:

- -Reduced anti-social behavior
- -Reduced disciplinary problems
 - -Reduced substance abuse
- -Improved social-emotional skills
 - -Improved school performance











Cognitive Behavioral Intervention for Trauma in Schools (CBITS)



Grade Levels:

5th – 12th Grade

Program delivered by:

Mental Health Professionals

Lessons:

10 group sessions

1 – 3 individual sessions

2 parent psychoeducational sessions

1 teacher educational session

Training Options:

In person: 2 days (12 hours)

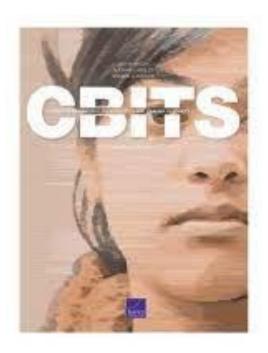
Virtual: 4 3-hour modules

Online: At your own pace

Can you develop a trainer at your school?

Yes, a school-based mental health professional can become a trainer

What can you expect after delivering CBITS?



Student Outcomes:

- Decrease in PTSD symptoms
 - Decreased depression
- Decease in behavioral problems at home & school
 - Improved coping skills
 - Improved social functioning
 - Enhanced peer, teacher & parent support

Caregiver Outcomes:

- Improved understanding of common youth reactions to trauma
- Decreased stress regarding youth trauma
- Improved ability to help youth cope with trauma



Bounce Back

Grade Levels:

K - 5th Grade

Program delivered by:

Mental Health Professionals

Sessions:

10 group sessions

2–3 individual sessions

1 - 3 parent

psychoeducational sessions

Training Options:

In person: 1.5 days (9 hours)

Virtual: 3 3-hour modules

Online: At your own pace

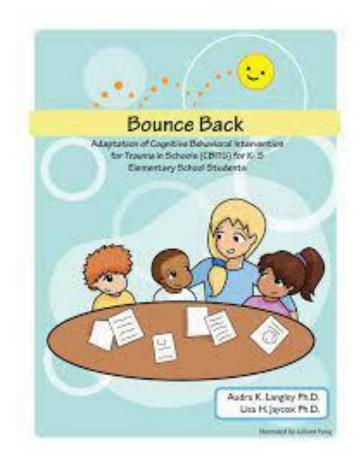
Can you develop a trainer at your school?

Yes, a school-based mental health professional can become a trainer

What can you expect after delivering Bounce Back?

Outcomes:

- Improvements in PTSD and anxiety symptoms
 - Improved parent-child interactions
 - Improved academic performance
 - Increased high school graduation rates
 - Caregivers equipped for skills support



The Blues Program

Grade Levels:

9th - 12th Grade

Program delivered by:

Therapists, School Counselors, School Nurses, and/or Teachers

Sessions:

6, 1 – hour sessions to a group of 4-8 youth

Training Options:

Either one full day (8 hours) or over two half days (4 hours of back-to-back days)

Can you develop a trainer at your school? Yes.

Blues Program Handouts P. 35

The Positive Emotions Toolbox

Remember to USE all of the tools in your toolbox. You can't magically change your emotions, but you can change your <u>thinking</u> and what you do!

Changing
Thinking by
Challenging
Negative
Thoughts. . .

Changing Doing by . . .

Giving myself Rewards

 I have done something well, or accomplished a goal, I deserve a reward.

What's the
Alternative?

Is there proother way.

to think about my problem or situation?

Is the way I am thinking about my problem making it better or worse?

Where's the Evidence?

Is there any evidence, or proof, that what I am thinking is true?

Is there any evidence, or proof, that what I am thinking is NOT true?

· What if it's true?

Maybe the negative thoughts I am having about this situation are true. Now what?

How can I cope with this situation or problem?

What do I have control over in this situation? What can I not control?

Getting up and getting moving!

Doing something physical, especially when you <u>don't</u> feel like it, can really improve your mood.

Hang out with others!

Social activities—the things we do with friends—can help improve how you feel. Don't wait for others to invite you, pick up the phone and organize a get-together.

Having more fun.

Doing something fun, whether with someone else or on your own, will help you when you are down. Don't wait to feel better to get active. Get active, and you will feel better!

THE TRIANGLE OF FEELINGS, THOUGHTS, & ACTIONS

The triangle below illustrates the way in which how we think, feel, and behave all influence one another

THOUGHTS INFLUENCE FEELINGS

After studying hard, but doing poorly on a test, you think, "I'll never succeed at anything," which leads to feeling bad about your abilities as a student feeling hopeless about the future.

FEELINGS INFLUENCE ACTIONS

You feel hopeless about studying for the next exam, and dwell on your sad feelings. You then procrastinate studying and don't study hard, because you still feel so discouraged about your fast exam.

ACTIONS INFLUENCE THOUGHTS

Your lack of studying for the next exam results in another poor grade. You think, "Here we go again. I don't know why I even keep trying. It's useless. I'm failure."

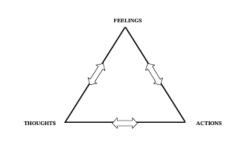
FEELINGS INFLUENCE THOUGHTS
A friend has to cancel their plans with you because they have a family obligation. You feel disappointed, which prompts you to think, "Maybe they just made up that excuse became they don't want to hang out with me."

THOUGHTS INFLUENCE ACTIONS

You begin to think hadly of your friend and recall times in the past when you haven't gotten along. When your friend calls to make plans, you get even by telling them that you have other plans (when you really don't).

ACTIONS INFLUENCE FEELING

Your friend accepts your excuse and doesn't appear to feel bad. You spend the day alone and convince yourself that your friend is probably having more fun without you. You feel lonely said and disappointed.





Blues Program Handouts P. 3

Short-term Outcomes:

- Increased positive thinking patterns
- Increased engagement in pleasant activities

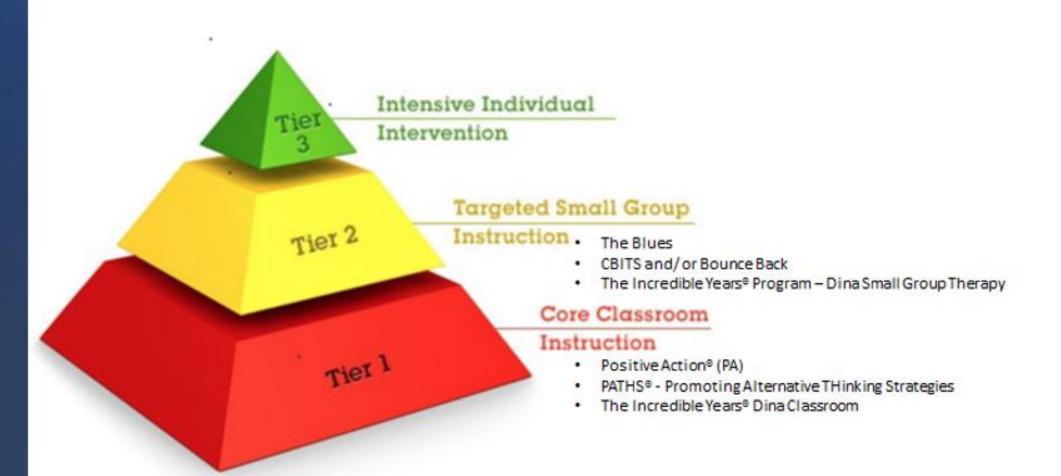
Long-term Outcomes:

- Decreased severity of depressive symptoms
 - Preventing onset of major depression
 - Decrease in substance use



What can you expect after delivering Blues?

Multi-Tiered System of Supports (MTSS)





Is your school ready to start a new program?

- Are the risk and protective factors, addressed by the chosen program, identified and/or prioritized by your very own school?
- Is the program appropriate for the population you plan to target?
- Do you have buy-in from staff of all levels from Directors to Administrative Support Staff, your community stakeholders and key leaders?
- Do you have access to funding and necessary resources to start up and sustain key implementation elements of the program? Making sure to carefully consider and designate those responsible for sustainability planning and securing funds/resources right from the start!
- Determining data collection needs...Who will be responsible for distributing and collecting the surveys? Who will be responsible for data entry? Who will be responsible for analyzing and reporting the data results?
- Can all of these expectations for quality and dosage be met within the existing structure and with the existing resources?



We are here to help!

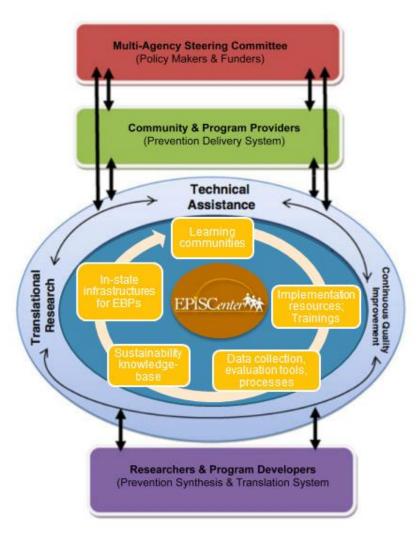
Reach out to the Implementation Specialist Team by email/phone:

Phone: (814) 863-2568

EPISCenter@psu.edu

EPISCenter's Five Cores of Support

- Learning communities
- Implementation resources; Trainings
- Data collection, evaluation tools, processes
- Sustainability knowledge-base
- In-state infrastructures for Evidence Based Programs



Rhoades, Bumbarger & Moore (in press). The Role of a State-Level Prevention Support System in Promoting High-Quality Implementation and Sustainability of Evidence-based Programs. *American Journal of Community Psychology*.



Subscribe to receive PCCD Funding Announcement Notifications to get started with a grant!



https://www.pccdegrants.pa.gov/ Egrants/Public/Subscribe.aspx

Suicide Prevention













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- ✓ Mental Health Resource List
- ✓ Recorded Webinar
- ✓ Presentation Slides
- ✓ Evaluation Link

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Evidence-based Prevention and Intervention Support



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