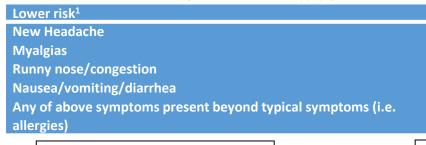
MAAP: For Medical Providers: Assessing for COVID-19 in children with symptoms and NO KNOWN EXPOSURE to COVID-19¹ (Updated 8/7/20)

IF EXPOSED to COVID-19, algorithm does NOT apply, patient will follow CDC guidelines²

Consider COVID-19 with ≥1 higher risk symptom or ≥ 2 lower risk



Higher Risk¹
New, uncontrolled cough
Shortness of breath or difficulty breathing (not exercise induced asthma)
New loss of taste or smell
Fever (100.4 or higher), chills, rigors



1 lower risk symptom Not exposed to COVID-19²



Return to school/child care⁴ 24 hours after symptom improving

Additional Information

- 1.Threshold for testing will depend on level of community transmission. Algorithms are not intended to replace clinical judgement.
- 2. Exposure defined as within 6 feet for 15 minutes to COVID positive individual. If exposure, patient will follow CDC guidelines. Even if tested, an exposed patient will need 14 day quarantine.

https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/php/contact-tracing/contact-tracing-plan/contact-tracing.html

- 3. Swab refers to SARS-CoV-2/COVID-19 PCR test
- 4. Return to school/child care requires provider note
- 5. Other Dx to consider: Pertussis, Strep Throat, Common Cold, Flu, Asthma, Allergies, GI illness, Ear infection, etc.
- 6. Maine Standing Order- on Maine CDC website: 1 year and up;

https://www.maine.gov/dhhs/mecdc/infectious-

disease/epi/airborne/documents/ME-

DHHS StandingOrder COVID19testing 06-18-2020v2.pdf

7. Testing Sites: https://get-tested-covid19.org/

≥ 2 lower risk symptoms OR 1 higher risk symptom Not exposed to COVID-19²



Swab done³ Negative test for COVID-19



See sw alt

Sore throat



Return to school/child care⁴ when afebrile 24 hours without antipyretics, and symptoms improving, and test has resulted negative



Seen by clinician and no swab done³ and alternative diagnosis likely



Return to school/child care⁴ when afebrile 24 hours without antipyretics, and symptoms improving



Swab done³ Positive test for COVID-19



Return to school/child care⁴ after 10 days AND 24 hours afebrile without antipyretics AND symptoms improving AND ME CDC approval



No swab³ AND no alternative diagnosis (i.e. Family declines, unable to obtain test. etc.)



To be determined by PCP evaluation. Ideally swab and negative test. If unable to obtain swab, return to school/child care⁴ after 10 days, 24 hours afebrile without antipyretics AND symptoms improving. CDC not notified of these cases.

This guidance was adapted from Washington University in St Louis by the Maine Chapter of the American Academy of Pediatrics, school nurses, school physicians, and Pediatric Infectious Disease Experts. It is subject to change based on the evolving science.

https://www.maineaap.org/news/2020/school-re-entry-resources (8/7/20)