

Appendix A: Field data form

General Inform		
Site/Project	Wapato Valley/	_
Name/Owner:	Plas War Id Ea	

Location: Lwis ?
Description: 45 8526

45.85357, -122.776643

points: LR-F-(1-3)

The following field form is for use in the field to help in making ordinary high water mark delineations on streams. The form should be used as a guide. A team consisting of a hydrologist/ geomorphologist and a biologist may be needed to accurately determine the ordinary high water mark.

General Observations: Day of Site Visit

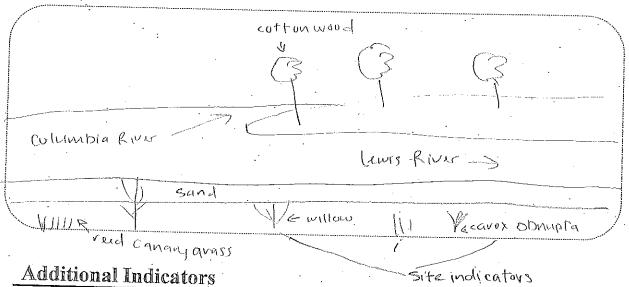
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Date of site visit:	20 N	00 2019		
Time of site visit:	10:42			
Weather conditions:	Full			
Watershed development:		eveloped 🛭	Mod. Developed O	Undeveloped O
Reach development:		eveloped 9	Mod. Developed O	Undeveloped O
Recent site disturbance?	No 😡	Yes O	Describe:	- Chaoveroped C
Upstream flow control devices?	No O	Yes 🛇	Describe: Merwin P	om Bonerine Pan
Bank armoring at the site?	No छ	Yes O	Describe:	
Bank armoring up or downstream?	No O	Yes 🕏	Describe: Upstylau	
Observable tidal backwater?	No O	Yes Ø	- 1222001 Alb) (V (Alb	
In-water structures? (i.e. bridge pilings, railroad embankments)	No O	Yes 🚱 .	Describe: Pilling uf	stream
Animals grazing in riparian zone?	No Ø	Yes O	Describe:	
Observable beaver activity?	No O	Yes 🕅	Describe: Beaux CV	news

Complete Vegetation Transects

- O Use guidelines in Chapter 4 to complete vegetation transects.
- o Determine upper and lower bounds of the OHWM from vegetation transects.
- o After completing vegetation transects, look for more field indicators near the upper and lower bounds of the OHWM. Use the checklist as guidance.

Sketch

If a simple site, sketch a cross-sectional diagram of the site below. Include location of the waterway and upper and lower bounds of the OHWM defined by the vegetation communities or other OHWM indicators. Page 3 of the data form can be used for more complex sketches



Check the indicators that are observable at the site that provide rationale for establishing the OHWM at this location. The rationale should be described in detail in the report and should be supported with photographs taken during the site visit.

**************************************	Soil and geomorphic indicators 24	Vegetative indicators ²⁵	Other indicators
Below OHWM	o Sediment bars o Scour line o Clean cobbles/boulders. Bank erosion/scour A Lack of soil horizons	Vegetation tolerant of inundation or high flow disturbances such as: O Willows O Black cottonwood O Japanese knotweed O Skunk cabbage A Aquatic plants	 Exposed roots/root scour Drainage patterns, as shown by flattened vegetation Aquatic animals Algal mats Iron staining

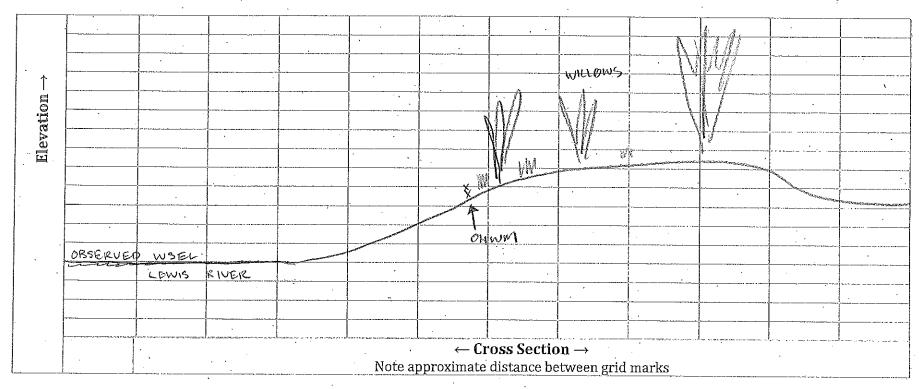
²⁴ Refer to Chapter 4 for a more complete description of indicators.

²⁵ Species are provided as examples. Refer to Appendix B for a more complete listing of plant species and their distribution across the OHWM gradient. Some species occur in more than one category depending on site conditions. For example Indian plum and red alder may straddle the OHWM where soil drainage is high. They may occur above OHWM were soil drainage is low to moderate.

	Soil and geomorphic indicators ²⁴	Vegetative indicators ²⁵	Other indicators
At or straddling OHWM	o Top of bank o Toe of lowest terrace (if terrace has developed horizons which may include a duff layer and A and B horizons versus freshly deposited alluvium) Benches	Willows O Western red cedar O Vine maple (streams) O Black cottonwood O Red alder O Salmonberry O Nootka rose O Maidenhair and lady fern O Blackberries (aced coors O Dunegrasses	 Sediment lines on vegetation or other fixed objects Change from channel deposits to older alluvium. Darker stain lines on fixed objects Exposed roots/root scour. Drainage patterns, as evidenced by flattened vegetation Weathered and buried driftwood
Above OHWM	o Hillslope toe Terraces or alluvium with an organic horizon or other developed soil horizons Relic floodplain surface Well developed soil A andB horizons/duff layer	o Indian plum o Red alder o Western red cedar o Douglas fir Willyw o Western hemlock o Ponderosa pine of the work o Oregon white oak o Coast pine black to for o Quaking aspen o Vine maple (lakes) o Blackberries	 Ы Lighter or по staining on fixed objects ○ Overbank deposits

Notes

This survey site was at the confluence of the Lewis and
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fixed objects so we used the lowest elevations of the
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present but tolerates wet and dry conditions so it
was not a useful indicator species.
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Below	J	Pla	nt Distribution Across O	HWM Gradie	nt ·	
Advence OHWM			At/Straddling OHV	VIM	Above OHWM	
Canadian	waterweed	OBL	slough sedge	OBL	willow	PACH
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Appendix A: Field data form

General	Information	•

Site/Project
Name/Owner:
Location:
Lewis River
Description:

45. 55255, -122.777650 m

General Observations: Day of Site Visit

The following field form is for use in the field to help in making ordinary high water mark delineations on streams. The form should be used as a guide. A team consisting of a hydrologist/ geomorphologist and a biologist may be needed to accurately determine the ordinary high water mark.

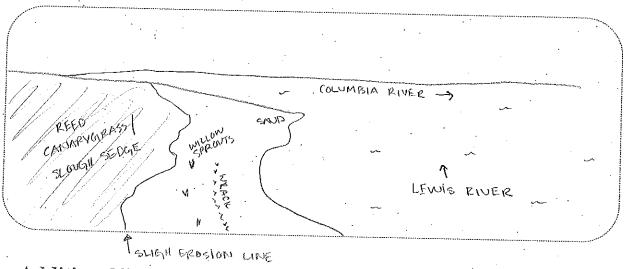
Date of site visit:	11-20-	2019		
Time of site visit:	10:55			
Weather conditions:	Full SV	W		
Watershed development:		eveloped O	Mod. Developed Ø	Undeveloped O
Reach development:		eveloped 🕅	Mod. Developed O	Undeveloped O
Recent site disturbance?	No Ø	Yes O	Describe:	owas toloped C
Upstream flow control devices?	No O	. Yes 🧭	Describe: Merwin and	Bonneville Dam
Bank armoring at the site?	No ⊗	Yes O	Describe:	
Bank armoring up or downstream?	No O	Yes Ø	Describe: upstraw a	no loudi nida
Observable tidal backwater?	No O	Yes 🕸	- social reportation	on poin sides
In-water structures? (i.e. bridge pilings, railroad embankments)	No O	Yes Ø	Describe: pilings up	stream
Animals grazing in riparian zone?	No 🕉	Yes O	Describe:	
Observable beaver activity?	No O	Yes Ø	Describe: fresh chewer	t sticks

Complete Vegetation Transects

- o Use guidelines in Chapter 4 to complete vegetation transects.
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Sketch

If a simple site, sketch a cross-sectional diagram of the site below. Include location of the waterway and upper and lower bounds of the OHWM defined by the vegetation communities or other OHWM indicators. Page 3 of the data form can be used for more complex sketches



Additional Indicators

Check the indicators that are observable at the site that provide rationale for establishing the OHWM at this location. The rationale should be described in detail in the report and should be supported with photographs taken during the site visit.

	Soil and geomorphic indicators 24	Vegetative indicators ²⁵	Other indicators
Below OHWM	 Sediment bars Scour line Clean cobbles/boulders. Bank erosion/scour Lack of soil horizons 	Vegetation tolerant of inundation or high flow disturbances such as: o Willows o Black cottonwood o Japanese knotweed o Skunk cabbage ø Aquatic plants	 Exposed roots/root scour Drainage patterns, as shown by flattened vegetation Aquatic animals Algal mats Iron staining

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²⁵ Species are provided as examples. Refer to Appendix B for a more complete listing of plant species and their distribution across the OHWM gradient. Some species occur in more than one category depending on site conditions. For example Indian plum and red alder may straddle the OHWM where soil drainage is high. They may occur above OHWM

	Soil and geomorphic indicators ²⁴	Vegetative indicators ²⁵	Other indicators
At or straddling OHWM	o Top of bank Toe of lowest terrace (if terrace has developed horizons which may include a duff layer and A and B horizons versus freshly deposited alluvium) Benches	Willows The route, Western red cedar Vine maple (streams) Black cottonwood Red alder a red Salmonberry carry of the Nootka rose Maidenhair and lady fern Blackberries Thomas Dunegrasses seede	 Sediment lines on vegetation or other fixed objects Change from channel deposits to older alluvium. Darker stain lines on fixed objects Exposed roots/root scour. Drainage patterns, as evidenced by flattened vegetation Weathered and buried driftwood
Above OHWM	o Hillslope toe Terraces or alluvium with an organic horizon or other developed soil horizons Relic floodplain surface Well developed soil A andB horizons/duff layer	o Indian plum o Red alder O Western red cedar O Douglas fir O Western hemlock O Ponderosa pine O Oregon white oak O Coast pine O Quaking aspen O Vine maple (lakes) O Blackberries	o Lighter or no staining on fixed objects Overbank deposits

Notes

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		slough sedac	OPL	veed canangwas	FACU
		rough cocklebur	FAC	Ovegon ach	FACU
		western addentop	FACW	black cottonwood	not i
		J		western goldentop	FACU
				Robert geranium	FACL
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Appendix A: Field data form

General Information

The following field form is for use in the field Site/Project Wapato Valley Name/Owner: Plas Newyold Farm Location: Lewis River Description: 45.85581

used as a guide. A team consisting of a hydrologist/ geomorphologist and a biologist -122,773755 may be needed to accurately determine the Points LR-Hordinary high water mark.

to help in making ordinary high water mark

delineations on streams. The form should be

General Observations: Day of Site Visit

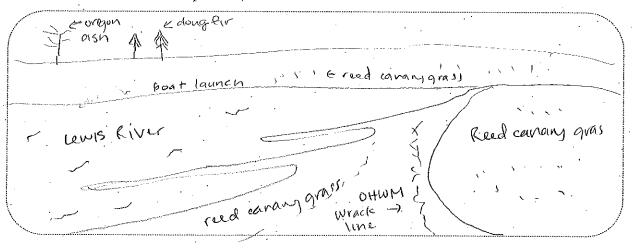
General Observations: D	, <u> </u>	 		
Date of site visit:	3 Dec	2019		
Time of site visit:	10 : 41			
Weather conditions:	Overc	ast		
Watershed development:	Highly d	eveloped@Q	Mod, Developed O Undeveloped O	
Reach development:	Highly d	eveloped 🥸	Mod. Developed O Undeveloped O	
Recent site disturbance?	No 🞗	Yes O	Describe:	,
Upstream flow control devices?	No O	· Yes 🕲	Describe: 1801/104	
Bank armoring at the site?	No O	Yes O	Describe: across the vive	
Bank armoring up or downstream?	No O	Yes 🕲	Describe: 1	
Observable tidal backwater?	No O	Yes O		•
In-water structures? (i.e. bridge pilings, railroad embankments)	No O	Yes 🛭 .	Describe: boat dock on other gide	945
Animals grazing in riparian zone?	No Q	Yes O	Describe:	
Observable beaver activity?	No 🗪	Yes O	Describe:	

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reed cananygrass

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Notes

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Below	Pla	nt Distribution Across OHWM	Gradier	it '	
Alasse OHWM		At/Straddling OHWM		Above OHWM	
Canadian waterweed	OBL	rced canavyavass	FACU	veed carangages	FACW
reed canamavas	FACW	slough sedge	OBL	Oveasn ash	FACW
needle spikerush	OBL			sand bay willow	FACW
				Pacific willow	PACW
,				pentavass sp.	FAC
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ATTACHMENT B

SPECIES AND COMMON NAMES OF PLANTS

Common Camas	Species Name
Bird's Foot Trefoil	Lotus corniculatus
Black Cottonwood	Populus balsamifera trichocarpa
Black Hawthorn	Crataegus douglasii
Bur-reed	Sparganium sp
Common Camas	Camassia quamish
Douglas Fir	Pseudotsuga douglasii
Douglas Spirea	Spirea douglasii
False Indigo Bush	Amorpha fruticosa
Herb Robert	Geranium robertianum
Himalayan Blackberry	Rubus armeniascus
Licorice Fern	Polypodium glycerrhiza
Needle Spikerush	Eleocharis acicularis
Oregon Ash	Fraxinus latifolia
Oregon White Oak	Quercus garryana
Red-Osier Dogwood	Cornus alba
Reed Canarygrass	Phalaris arundinancea
Rough Cocklebur	Xanthium strumarium
Scot's Broom	Cystisus scoparius
Slough Sedge	Carex obnupta
Smartweed	Polygonum sp
Snowberry	Symphoricarpos albus
Softstem Bulrush	Schoenoplectus tabernaemontanii
Wapato	Sagittaria latifolia
Western Goldenrod	Euthamia occidentalis
Willows	Salix sp
Woolgrass	Scirpus cyperinus
Wormleaf Stonecrop	Sedum stenopelatum

MEMORANDUM

To: Jenna Kay, Planner II/Shoreline Master Program Coordinator

Brent Davis, Wetland and Habitat Review Manager/Shoreline Administrator From:

Date: January 10, 2019

REVISED Analysis to Support Proposed Shoreline Map Amendments in the Shanghai Creek **Subject:**

Introduction

The current Shoreline Map for Clark County includes a large area in the Shanghai Creek basin that was added to the map with the 2012 Shoreline Master Program update based on the 2005 Clark County Wetland Inventory, Shanghai Creek is not a Shoreline stream pursuant to RCW 90.58.030(2)(e), but is a tributary of Fifth Plain Creek. The confluence of Shanghai and Fifth Plain creeks is the point at which Fifth Plain Creek becomes a Shoreline stream. Potential wetlands mapped in the Wetland Inventory that are contiguous with the point downstream where Fifth Plain Creek becomes a Shoreline stream were added to the Shoreline Map, including a large area in the Shanghai Creek basin on the basis that these wetlands may be associated with the Shoreline stream.

In 2016 county staff coordinated with Ecology to determine that the downstream most wetland associated with the south side of Shanghai Creek is not associated to the Shoreline due to a hydrologic break that isolates the wetland from direct interaction with the waters in Fifth Plain Creek. Furthermore, case-by-case review of wetlands entirely within the Shanghai Creek basin have yet to identify a wetland associated to the Shoreline or Shorelands.

As part of the 2020 Periodic Update to the Shoreline Master Program, I have compiled data from the review of several properties located south of Shanghai Creek that are identified on the current Shoreline Map and performed some additional field review of publicly accessible hydrologic breaks caused by the existing roads and drainage infrastructure to support the proposed removal of all areas on the Shoreline Map that are south of Shanghai Creek and entirely within the Shanghai Creek basin (the study area). In addition, I have included a small area of mapped wetlands in the Lacamas Creek basin that has been confirmed to be uplands and since been developed into residential subdivision.

Velvet Acres

Velvet Acres is a recently platted subdivision that spans the divide between Shanghai and Lacamas Creeks at the western end of the study area. There are no wetlands in this subdivision (see Attachment C-1), therefore this area can be removed from the Shoreline Management Area map as proposed in Figure 1.

BFI Subdivision

The BFI Subdivision was platted in 2010. The site was subject to a wetland delineation at the time. No wetlands were identified on portions of the plat that are overlaid with the current shoreline map. One small wetland is shown in the southwest portion of the plat that outside the current shoreline map (see Attachment C-2).

8102 NE 211th Ave.

A residential building permit for a new home was granted on this property in 2014. Wetland and Habitat Review staff determined that there are no wetlands on this property (see Attachment C-3).

8018 NE 201st Ave.

A residential building permit for a home addition was granted on this property in 2019. Wetland and Habitat Review staff identified Wetland Unit I (Figure 1) and determined that is was not associated to the Shoreline Management Area.

Mapped Wetland Inventory in the Shanghai Creek Basin

The county has identified all likely wetlands in the portion of the Shanghai Creek basin south of the channel and West of NE 222nd Ave. and determined than none of these wetlands meet the criteria to be associated with the Shoreline Management Area associated with Fifth Plan Creek. Therefore, these areas can be removed from the Shoreline Management Area map as proposed in Figure 1.

Review of Wetland Units

Since the Shoreline Master Program adoption in 2012, County biologists have reviewed projects on numerous properties in the study area (see Figure 1). Wetland units have been mapped using the assessment unit guidelines in the 2014 Wetland Rating System for Western Washington. Some units have been modified as additional sites within the unit have been evaluated. This review is based on the most current assessment unit boundaries in the study areas. Two units south of NE 83rd St. have been mapped specifically for this review without on-site verification.

1. Unit A

Unit A is the downstream most wetland in this review. The downstream hydrologic break (Figure 3A) was initially established in 2016 based on analysis prepared by a AKS Engineering & Forestry and reviewed on site by Clark County and Ecology (see Attachment A). This unit is a slope wetland isolated from influence by Shanghai Creek, except for during extreme flood events, due to vertical separation from the channel and from and the SMA by vertical separation from Fifth Plain Creek and upland terrace elevated above the Flood Hazard Area (1% probability).

The upstream limits of Unit A (Figure 3B) have recently been evaluated through off-site analysis provided by Ecological Land Services, Inc. and reviewed by county biologists.

2. Unit B

Unit B (Figure 3B) is a slope wetland isolated from influence by Shanghai Creek, except for during extreme flood events, due to vertical separation from the channel and from Unit A by a lateral ditch that captures and routes all surface and shallow ground water flows to Shanghai Creek. This unit is isolated from the SMA by Shanghai Creek. The county has not had an opportunity to review this unit on-site but the west and east breaks are clearly visible in aerial photography.

3. Unit C

Unit C (Figure 3B) is a slope wetland isolated from influence by Shanghai Creek, except for during extreme flood events, due to vertical separation from the channel and from Unit B by development that prevents east to west exchanges of hydrology. This unit is isolated from the SMA by Shanghai Creek. County biologists have been on-site in Unit C to verify the slope classification eastern extents. The western hydrologic break is clearly visible in aerial photography.

4. Unit D

Unit D is a slope wetland isolated from influence by Shanghai Creek, except for during extreme flood events, due to vertical separation from the channel and from Unit C by NE 202^{nd} Ave. This unit is isolated from the SMA by Shanghai Creek. County biologists have verified that the culvert draining this unit (Figure 3B) to the west discharges to the roadside ditch on the west side of NE 202^{nd} Ave. which drains directly to Shanghai Creek.

5. Unit E

Unit E is a slope wetland isolated from influence by Shanghai Creek, except for during extreme flood events, due to vertical separation from the channel and from Unit D by NE 212th Ave. This unit is isolated from the SMA by Shanghai Creek. County biologists have been on-site in Unit E and have verified that the culvert draining this unit (Figure 3B) to the west discharges directionally to the Unit D with a sufficient vertical drop to create a hydrologic break.

6. Unit F

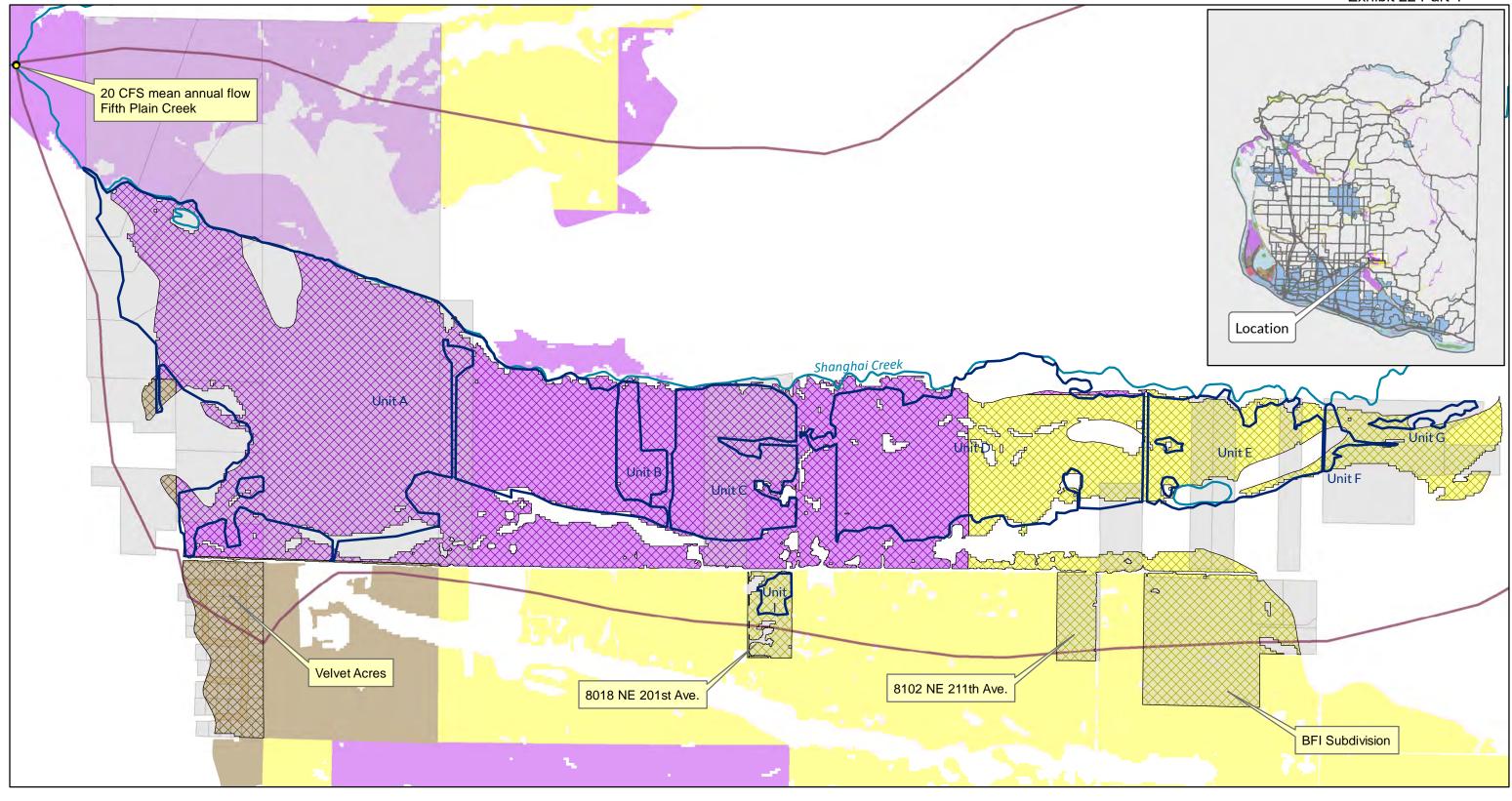
Unit F is a slope wetland isolated from influence by Shanghai Creek, except for during extreme flood events, due to vertical separation from the channel and from Unit E by a strip of upland at the western end. This unit is isolated from the SMA by uplands. County biologists have been on-site in Unit G and have verified the presence of the hydrologic break.

7. Unit G

Unit G (Figure 1) is a closed depression isolated from influence by Shanghai Creek and the SMA by uplands. This unit has been characterized by on-site review by county biologists.

8. Unit I

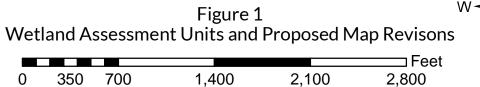
Unit I slope wetland isolated from influence by Shanghai Creek and the SMA by the hydrologic breaks created by the roadside ditch system along NE 83rd St. This unit has been characterized by on-site review by county biologists (see Attachment B).





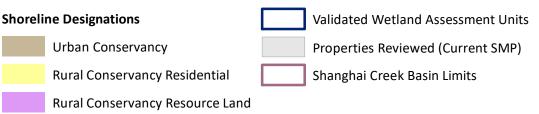


2020 Shoreline Master Program Update Shanghai Creek Shoreline Map Revisions Figure 1





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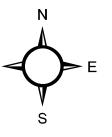




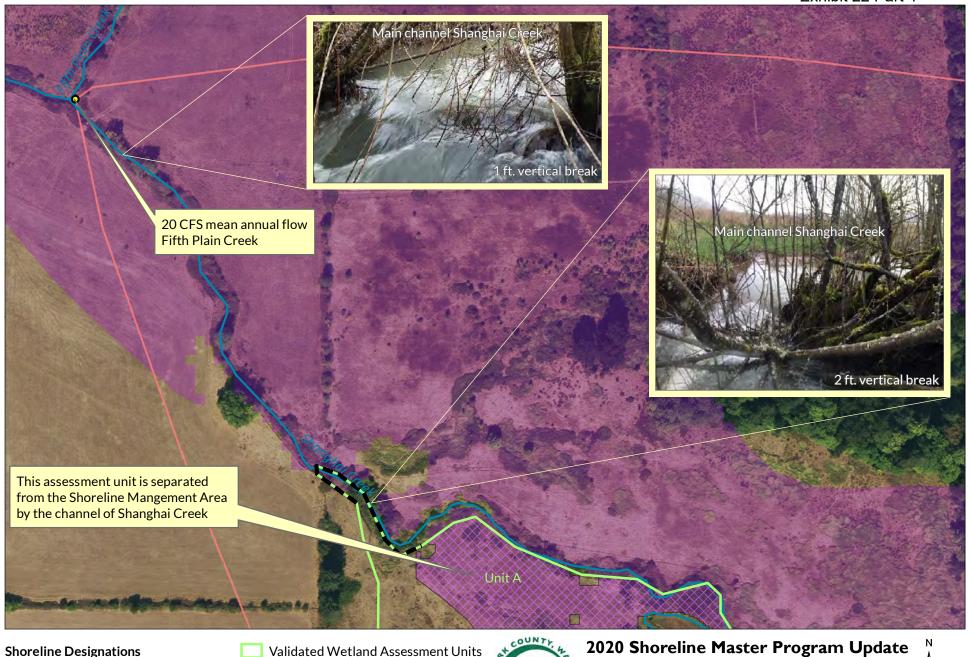
Shanghai Creek Shoreline Map Revisions

Figure 2 Hydroligic Break Detail Sheet Index





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Shoreline Designations

Rural Conservancy Resource Land

Areas to be Removed

Rural Conservancy Resource Land

■ Field Verified Hydrologic Break

Shanghai Creek Basin Limits



2020 Shoreline Master Program Update Shanghai Creek Shoreline Map Revisions

Figure 3A: Key Hydrologic Breaks - Detail

600 Feet



Shoreline Designations

Rural Conservancy Resource Land — — Field Verified Hydrologic Break

Areas to be Removed

Rural Conservancy Resource Land — Culverts

Validated Wetland Assessment Units

-- Ditch

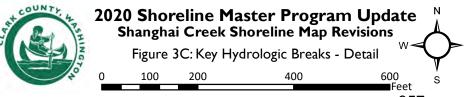
2020 Shoreline Master Program Update Shanghai Creek Shoreline Map Revisions

Figure 3B: Key Hydrologic Breaks - Detail

600 Feet

Exhibit 22 Part 4





IDENTIFIED HYDROLOGY FLOW

The site reconnaissance identified a total of six agriculture ditches that convey hydrology from the 4K wetland unit offsite and north to Shanghai Creek. Two ditches run north/south across the full extent of the offsite area (Ditch 1 and Ditch 2), two ditches run east/west (Ditch 3 and Ditch 4), one ditch runs north/south before turning west/northwest (Ditch 5), and one short ditch (Ditch 6) connects an agriculture pond (AG Pond) pond to Shanghai Creek. Ditch 3 has two sections, Ditch 3 West and Ditch 3 East. Ditch 3 captures hydrology from the northern portion of the onsite 4K Wetland, and conveys it north into Ditch 1.

Hydrology from the eastern portion of the wetland unit is conveyed north/northwest by Ditches 1-4. The hydrology collected by Ditches 1, 2, and 3 is conveyed north to Ditch 4, where the flow merges just prior to flowing down into the AG Pond. Ditch 6 provides a direct connection between the AG Pond and Shanghai Creek.

Hydrology from the western portion of the wetland unit is conveyed by Ditch 5. Ditch 5 is surrounded by two upland areas (Upland 1 and Upland 2). These two upland areas (262-foot contour) are approximately two to four feet higher in elevation than the adjacent wetland unit (258-foot contour), as represented by Clark County GIS topography data (Figure 2). Runoff from these upland areas flows down to the toe of the slope associated with the uplands and into Ditch 5. Ditch 5 conveys hydrology from the western portion of the wetland unit and after passing through a culvert outfalls to Shanghai Creek.

Uplands

Four upland areas were documented during the offsite reconnaissance (Figure 1). Data collected at the "sample plot" locations (SP-1, SP-2, SP-3 and SP-4) are as follows. Also see representative site photos attached of the upland areas.

Location	Soils	Vegetation	Hydrology
SP-1	10YR 4/4, 0-16"	Douglas-fir	None
		Orchard grass	
		Himalayan blackberry	
		Common dandelion	
		Common buttercup	
SP-2	10YR 4/4, 0-16"	AG pasture grass	None
SP-3	10YR 3/4, 0-16"	AG pasture grass	None
SP-4	10YR 3/4, 0-16"	AG pasture grass	None

Ditch Measurements

The below table documents the width and depth of the offsite AG Ditches as documented during the site reconnaissance. The length and width data for the ditches was collected in order to document the size of the diches, as well as provide an indicator of the approximate flow volume that seasonally flows through the wetland unit. Also see representative site photos attached of the Ditches.

Location	Data Point	Width (feet)	Depth (inches)	Notes:
Ditch 3	1	2	6	West portion of Ditch 3
Ditch 3	2	3	7	West portion of Ditch 3
Ditch 3	3	5	7	West portion of Ditch 3

Ditch 1	4	11	11	Junction of E and W Ditch 3
Ditch 1	5	2	5	East portion of Ditch 3
Ditch 1	6	11	11	
Ditch 1	7	10	13	
Ditch 1	8	9	16	
Ditch 1	9	9	16	
Ditch 1	10	9	14	
Ditch 1	11	9	12	At old east/west fence line
Ditch 1	12	9	13	
Ditch 4	13	11	21	Runs east/west
Ditch 4	14	16	30	
Ditch 5	18	8	16	Runs north/south/west
Ditch 6	15	4	30	Connects pond to S. Cr.
Ditch 1 culvert	16		9	South of culvert
Ditch 1 culvert	17		4	North of culvert

IDENTIFIED CHANGES IN ELEVATION

Survey Data Collection

The elevations of three points along the 4K northern boundary were surveyed. Additionally, the elevations of seven points across offsite locations were surveyed. The seven offsite points were surveyed in an effort to document the change in elevation within the wetland unit, and along Shanghai Creek. The survey points were identified locations in the field where hydrology flow patterns were observed to change, or drop in elevation, and therefore generally change from bi-directional flow to unidirectional flow. The elevations of the points were surveyed with a laser level. The northwest corner of the 4K parcel was used as the baseline point for the survey.

Survey Point Locations	Baseline Elevation (ft.)	Relative Elevation	Difference in Elevation Between Points
E1 (NW property corner of 4K property)	2.02 (at E1)	0 (at baseline)	
E2 (mid-point of N. 4K parcel boundary)		-0.78	
E3 (NE property corner of 4K property)		-2.26	
E4 (Northern extent of Ditch 1)		-8.18	-1.4'
E5 (Eastern edge of AG Pond at Ditch 4)		-9.58	-1.4
E6 (AG Pond)		-9.20	-1.82′
E7 (Top of Break 1 – Shanghai Cr.)		-11.02	-1.62
E7 (Top of Break 1 – Shanghai Cr.)		-11.02	-2.02′
E7 (Bottom of Break 1 – Shanghai Cr.)		-13.04	(Break 1)
E8 (Top of Break 2 – Shanghai Cr.)		-13.94	-1.03′
E8 (Bottom of Break 2 – Shanghai Cr.)		-14.97	(Break 2)
E8 (Bottom of Break 2 – Shanghai Cr.)		-14.97	
E9 (Confluence of Shanghai Creek and Fifth Plain Creek/Upper Fifth Plain Creek)		-15.14	-0.17′
Totals		-15.14	-6.27

The total difference across the points listed represents the change in elevation from the point within the wetland unit where bi-directional flow changed to unidirectional flow. The unidirectional flow of Shanghai Creek would need to gain over 6 feet in elevation to reach the bi-directional flow area of the wetland unit.

Survey Data Collection Summary

At point E7, a change of over 2 feet was documented (-2.07). At point E8, a change of an additional 1-foot was documented (-1.03'), with another 0.17' drop documented at the confluence of Shanghai Creek and Fifth Plain Creek. This data shows that within approximately 1,800 feet east of the confluence of Fifth Plain Creek (Type S), Shanghai Creek (Type F) increases in elevation by 3.22 feet. These documented changes in elevation along Shanghai Creek are considered significant, and therefore represent a break in hydrology between the Type S water (shoreline) and the Type F water. See representative site photos attached documenting the elevation survey points and Break 1 and Break 2.

Hydrology Flow Direction

The elevation survey documented a drop in elevation of 9.58' from the 4K northwestern property corner (E1) to the eastern boundary of the offsite pond (E5). Due to this change in elevation from west to east, a portion of the onsite 4K wetland hydrology flows to the northeast property corner and out to Ditch 1. The lowest elevation within the wetland unit across the open field north of the 4K property is generally the 260-foot elevation contour. The elevation drops from the wetland in the field by approximately 2 feet to the water level within Shanghai Creek.

The hydrology flow directions are depicted on Figure 2 (4K Shorelines JD Topo Map) for the onsite and offsite portions of the wetland unit associated with the 4K wetland. The ditches combined with the presence of two upland areas (Upland 1 and Upland 2) located above the 256-foot elevation contour (Figure 2) help to convey the wetland hydrology to two main points along the southern bank of Shanghai Creek. These points are depicted on Figure 1 and 2 as "E6" and "E7."

SUMMARY

Identified Breaks

The offsite reconnaissance determined that the 4K Wetland hydrologically generally flows to the north (offsite) through historic agriculture ditches. The slope documented across the offsite field, north of the 4K site, is generally 1 percent (north to south) and the hydrology is therefore allowed to generally flow bi-directionally across this open field and the ditches. When Ditches 1-3 join and flow into Ditch 4, there is unidirectional flow west until the hydrology drops to the AG Pond. The fall into the AG Pond (survey points E4 to E6) documents a drop in elevation of approximately 1.02 feet, or 9.58 feet below that of the 4K Wetland. The pond is separated from Shanghai Creek by a berm approximately 4 feet tall. The AG Pond is a temporary settling point (or bi-directional flow) for the hydrology, as Ditch 5 allows a direct connection to the Shanghai Creek from the AG Pond. Once the hydrology leaving the AG Pond flows out to Shanghai Creek, the flow is again unidirectional, flowing west.

West of the AG Pond, two changes in elevation within the main channel of Shanghai Creek were observed and documented at survey points; E7 top/E7 bottom, and E8 top/E8 bottom. The change in elevation between the AG Pond (E6) and E7 top was -1.82 feet. From E7 top to E7 bottom the change in elevation was -2.02′. This change in the water elevation of over two feet was considered significant, and documented as "Break 1" (Figure 1)

The change in elevation between E8 top and E8 bottom was -1.03'. This change in the water elevation of over one foot within the main channel of Shanghai Creek was considered significant, and documented as "Break 2".

The overall difference in elevation documented between Ditch 4 within the wetland unit (the location where bi-directional flow is lost), to survey point E8 bottom (Break 2) is over six feet. The elevation difference and the loss of bi-directional flow across this area is considered significant enough to be considered a "break" in the wetland hydrology between the 4K Wetland and Shanghai Creek, and the downstream Shoreline waters of the state (Fifth Plain Creek). Therefore, the criteria for associated wetlands is not met, and the 4K wetland unit can be separated from that of the Fifth Plain Creek Shoreline designation.

Associated wetlands are defined as "those wetlands which are in proximity to and <u>either influence</u> or <u>are influenced</u> by waters of a lake, river or stream subject to the SMA."

The 4K Wetland hydrology is conveyed to Shanghai Creek and the Shoreline waters of the state (and therefore influences it), but the "Shoreline waters" do not flow bi-directionally up to the 4K wetland unit, and therefore the 4K Wetland is not influenced by "Shoreline waters."

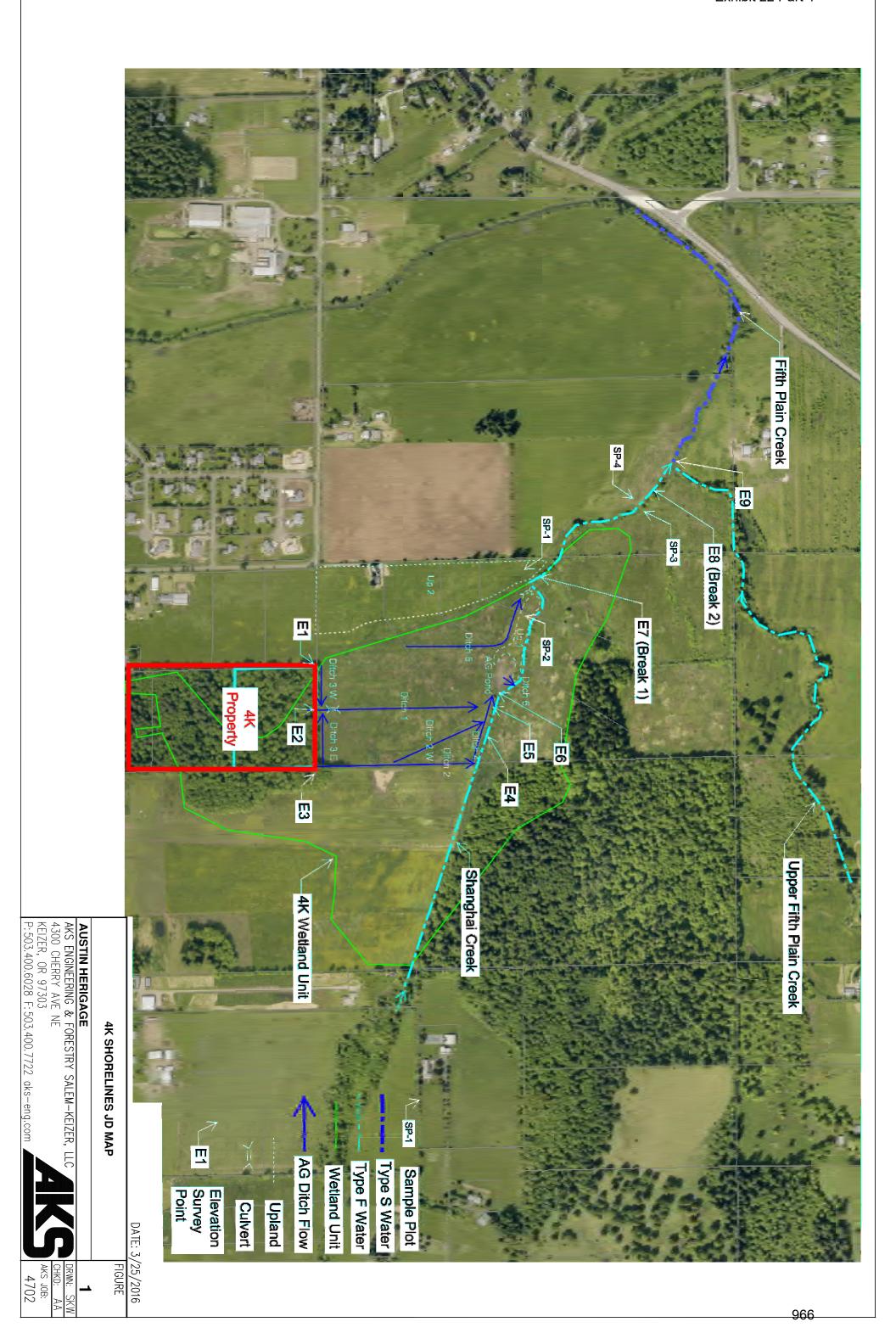
For this reason, the 4K Wetland does not meet the criteria for an associated wetland, and should not be considered a Shoreline of the state, and should not be regulated by the Shoreline Management Act (SMA).

Andrea Aberle, Sr. Biologist/Project Manager

aberlea@aks-eng.com

Sudrean Storle

Attachments



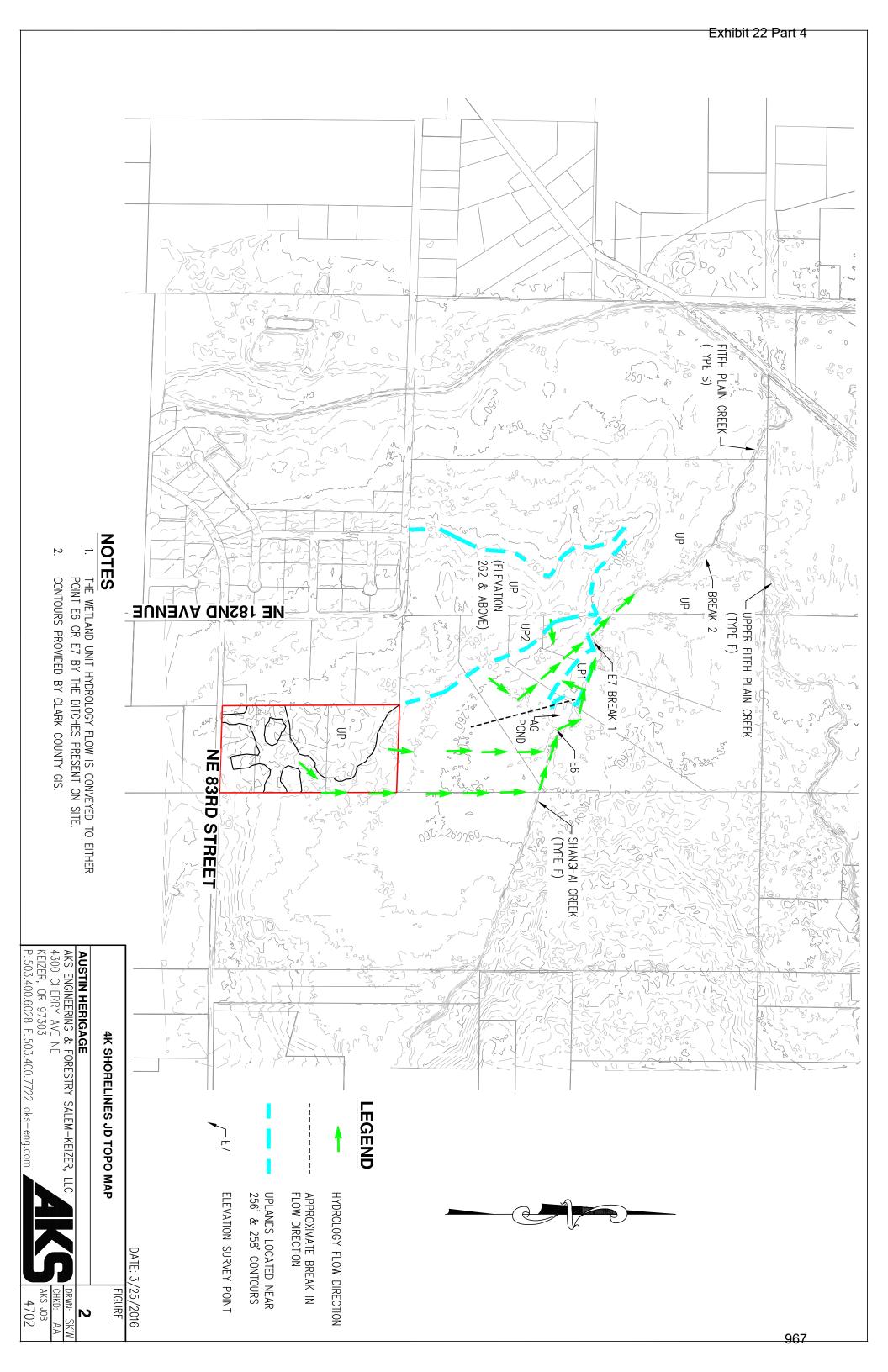




Photo 1.

View south of the forested wetland present on the northern portion of the 4K property. Photo taken from the field north and off site of the 4K property.



Photo 2.

View west across Ditch 3. Ditch 3 collects hydrology from the 4K wetland and conveys it north to Ditch 1.



Photo 3.Representative photo of hydrology present within Ditch 1, Data point 9.



Photo 4.

Representative photo of hydrology present within Ditch 1, Data point 11. Approximate width of channel is 9 feet, and depth 12 inches.



Photo 5.

View south down Ditch 2 from the northeast property corner associated with the northern 4K parcel. The E3 survey point was also at this location.



Photo 6.

View south down Ditch 2 from the fenceline near Shanghai Creek. Ditch 2 flows directly into Shanghai Creek north of this fenceline.



Photo 7.View west down Shanghai Creek from location directly north of Ditch 4.



Photo 8.View west down Shanghai Creek from location directly north of AG Pond.



Photo 9.
View east down Ditch 4 from location just above AG Pond. Ditch 4 flows into AG Pond. Survey point E5 located just east of AG Pond. Location where Ditch 4 falls into AG Pond.



Photo 10. View west down Ditch 4 toward AG Pond.



Photo 11.Ditch 6 is visible in bottom left corner of photo. Ditch 6 connects the AG Pond to Shanghai Creek.



View west across AG Pond. Measurement denotes the upland berm height (3' 9")

Photo 12.

denotes the upland berm height (3' 9") associated with the north side of the AG Pond. The upland area continues west of the pond "Upland 1" on the site map.



Photo 13.

View west of the Doulas-fir line present along the western boundary of the "Upland 2" area (See Figure 1). The Ditch 5 hydrology runs along the toe of this upland slope before flowing through a culvert and joining the bidirectional flow of Shanghai Creek.



Photo 14.

View across the northern tip of the "Upland 2" area. The culvert that conveys the Ditch 5 hydrology is located just below the fence post visible in right side of photo.

The first drop over 2 feet in elevation within of Shanghai Creek ("Break 1") is located within the tall shrubs in the center of photo.



Photo 15.

View of the metal corrugated culvert (top of photo) present at the northern extent of Ditch 5. The wetland hydrology present within Ditch 5 is conveyed through this culvert to Shanghai Creek.



Photo 16.

View of the channel present directly north of the corrugated culvert associated with the northern extent of Ditch 5. The convergence of the Ditch 5 hydrology (side channel) and Shanghai Creek is visible in upper right of photo.



Photo 17.

Photo of "Break 1". Drop in elevation at this location was documented by laser level survey to be over 2 feet.



Photo 18.Photo of "Break 2". Drop in elevation at this location was measured by laser level survey to be over 1-foot.



Photo 19.Photo of agriculture fields that flank the "Break 2" location along Shanghai Creek.



Photo 20.

Photo of soils documented at SP- 3 within agriculture fields that flank the "Break 2" location along Shanghai Creek.



Photo 21.

Photo of the agriculture fields that flank the "Break 2" location along Shanghai Creek.



Photo 22.

Photo of the agriculture fields that flank the "Break 2" location along Shanghai Creek.



Photo 23.

Photo of the agriculture fields that flank the "Break 2" location along Shanghai Creek.



Photo 24.

Photo of the agriculture fields that flank the "Break 2" location along Shanghai Creek.



Photo 25.

Photo of the agriculture fields that flank the "Break 2" location along Shanghai Creek.



Photo 26.

Photo of soils documented at SP-4 within agriculture fields that flank the "Break 2" location along Shanghai Creek.

Aug 28, 2019 15:12:37 - Ariel Whitacre

Perform Review

Assignments

Ariel Whitacre Delete

Lance Watt Create

Sep 13, 2019 11:19:44 - Lance Watt

Perform Review Complete

Outcome Accepted with Conditions

Date Completed Sep 13, 2019 11:19:39

Notes

Review Approval Note Unlocked Proposed addition avoids wetland buffers (see attached map). The wetland is within the

subwatershed for Shanghai Creek. There is a hydrologic break for the wetland at NE 83rd Street; additionally a hydrologic break was established for Shoreline for Shanghai Creek further to the north and west. The wetland is found to not be associated with Shoreline; no further

wetland review required.

The proposed septic addition appears to avoid the drip line of the Oregon white oak onsite. If this changes and impacts are drip line of the oak is impacted then additional habitat review may

be required.

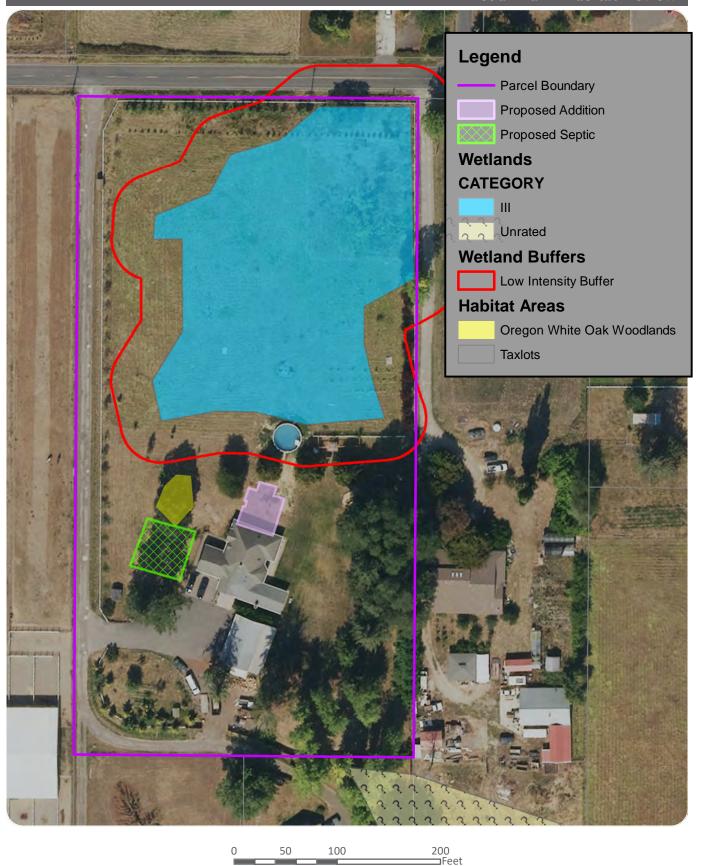
Sep 30, 2019 07:18:59 - William Anderson

Perform Review

Review Complete Process ID from:

to: 25106940

Wetland and Habitat Review



Kovalenko Addition

ADS-2019-00319

Drawn By: wattl Sheet X of Y 9/13/2019 978

Exhibit 22 Part 4



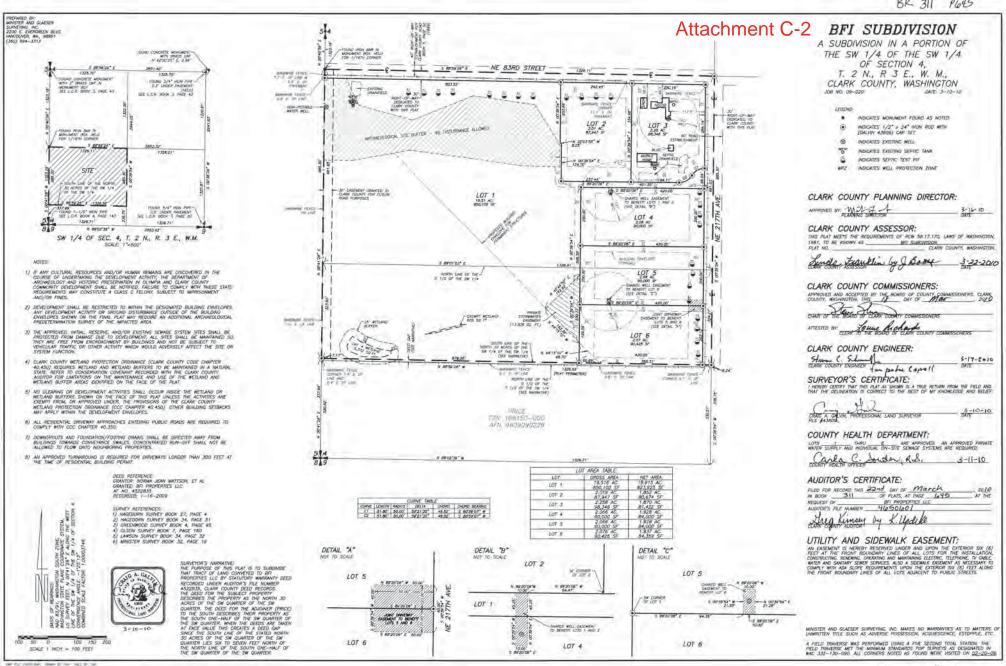
BK 311 PG 971 2/

43

BK 311 PG 981



BK 311 P645



Address: 8102 NE 211TH AVE VAN 98682

Disposition	Date 1	Date 2	Date 3	Assigned	Done By	Description	Notes
DONE			3/19/2014		DEB	Rcv App Check Completeness**	
DONE			5/13/2014		RAG	Customer Ntfyd Plans Ready*	NTF\$\$
DONE			1/23/2015		SJA	Finaled **	
DONE			1/26/2015		SJA	Finaled **	
DONE	9/25/2014		10/3/2014		DLSH	Stop Work Order Issued **	Note: A stop work order has been posted for listing certified erosion control persons on both erosion control log and on permit (2-different companies) that are not associated nor have given permission to list their companies as Stoneridge certified erosion control people Corr: 0107, Corrections as follow: Corr: 0109, Upon re-inspection, failure to comply with the 1st correction notice will result in a fee of \$148.00. Failure to comply with subsequent re-inspections will result in a fee of \$296.00. Corr: 0414, Construction entrance must be a minimum of 15 feet width and 20 foot long using 2 inch minimum size clean rock. Corr: 0601, All erosion and sediment control BMP¿s must be maintained and repaired as needed to ensure continued performance of their intended function. Note: 1) Please address construction entrances and contractor parking at this project and your project to the south IMMEDIATLY to avoid fine and possible stop work order; also address any mud on pavement ~~0107~0109~0414~0601N
DONE					DLSH	Prmt Reapprovd-STATUS CHG ONLY	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
DONE					DLW	Prmt Reapprovd-STATUS CHG ONLY	Changed status to APR from SWO due to entered in error- per Jim Muir
DONE					ALM	Prmt Reapprovd-STATUS CHG ONLY	
DONE			3/19/2014		DEB	Print Application Summary	
DONE			4/17/2014		KWH	Print Application Summary	
DONE			5/12/2014		DEB	Print Application Summary	
DONE			5/20/2014		KWH	Print Application Summary	AN AUTOMATIC SPRINKLER SYSTEM NOT REQUIRED.
DONE			7/30/2014		MRC	Print Application Summary	
CCL	9/18/2014	9/18/2014	9/18/2014		SJA	Print Application Summary	Corr: Upon re-inspection, failure to comply with the 1st correction notice will result in a fee of \$148.00. Failure to comply with subsequent re-inspections will result in a fee of \$296.00. ~N
DONE			3/19/2014		DEB	Print Fees Due at Application	
DONE			5/13/2014		RAG	Print Fees Due at Issuance	
DONE			7/30/2014		MRC	Print Fees Due at Issuance	
DONE	3/19/2014		3/19/2014		DEB	Verify Tif district & Rate	
DONE			3/19/2014		DEB	Route to Date Bin **	TO DATE BIN
DONE	3/19/2014		5/14/2014		JME	Water/Well Approval Req/Rec	NEED WAVE PRIOR TO ISSUANCE - FORM GIVEN TO APPLICANT
DONE RCASEACTI	3/19/2014 VITIES.rpt		3/19/2014		DEB	Sewer/Septic Approval Req/Rec	5/13/14 WAVE app received. App is complete and released w/o any conditions of approval. Ref WP9682, SR19825. J. Ellingson CCPH x7251. SR0019397 - VALID FROM 2-25-2014 UNTIL 2-25-2019 - 4 BDRMS - NO OCC UNTIL FINAL INSP BY CC HEALTH DEPT 982

Disposition DONE	Date 1 3/19/2014	Date 2	Date 3 4/17/2014	Assigned	Done By BDM	Description Verify Erosion Control Person	Notes Exhibit 22 SLL - 9/26/14 - RECEIVED JOHN DEWITZ LETTER VIA EMA CHANGED IN SYSTEM.	
							BDM 4/17/2014 - APPLICANT PROVIDED NAME OF MARSI	HELLE WOOD
DONE	3/19/2014		3/19/2014		DEB	Verify WUII	NEED LETTER FROM JOHN DEWITZ PRIOR TO ISSUANC NOT IN	E
RTE			5/12/2014		DEB	Addn'l Documents Received	2 REVISED STORMWATER PLANS WITH CONTOUR LINES DRAINAGE PATHS MATCHING AS REQUEST BY BRYAN - WITH FILE FOR REVIEW	– • •
DONE	3/19/2014		4/14/2014		DGO	Plan Exam Recv's/Reviews**	NEEDS PLAN REVIEW	
DONE	3/19/2014		4/22/2014		BDM	Zoning Rec's/Reviews **	Restamp BDM 4/22/2014 - LOT CREATED BY SEG REQUEST DATED PREDATES 1993 LRG LT ORD AND MEETS CURRENT ZOI	
							BDM 4/21/2014 - NEEDS EITHER ADD'L DEEDS OR COPY REQUEST TO APPROVE LLD FOR THIS LOT (NEEDS SON TO 4/19/1993) - 5AC R-5 - MEETS MIN SB'S	
DONE	4/40/2044		4/47/2044		1214/11	Fine Deale/Devieus **	SALES HISTORY REC'D - NEEDS LEGAL LOT DETERMINA ACRES	ATION R-5 ZN - 5
DONE DONE	4/16/2014 3/19/2014		4/17/2014 4/21/2014		KWH BDM	Fire Rec's/Reviews ** Addressing Rec's/Reviews	BACK TO BUILDING PLAN REVIEW BDM 4/21/2014 - ACCESSING 30' WIDE PVT RD ESMT - AF	-#0202240404
DONE	3/19/2014		4/2 1/2014		BDIVI	Addressing Rec s/Reviews	GRANTS ACCESS (ALTHOUGH ENTIRELY ON SUBJECT P THEREFORE TECHNICALLY DOESN'T NEED LEGAL ACCE ADDRESSED TO FIT GRID AND EXISTING - 8102 NE 211TI UPDATED SITUS	ARCEL ESS) -
							NEEDS ADDRESS	
DONE	3/19/2014		3/19/2014		DEB	Gorge Recv's/Revw's**	N/A	
DONE	3/19/2014	3/19/2014	3/19/2014		DEB	Habitat Rts/ Recv's/Revw's	NONE PRESENT	
DONE	3/19/2014		3/24/2014		BHD	Wetland Rts/ Recv's/Revw's**	No wetlands on site - BHD 3/24/13	
							ENTIRE AREA IS MAPPED AS WETLAND PRESENCE OR IN WETLAND - COPY OF PLOT PLAN SUBMITTED TO BRENT ALONG WITH COPY OF LETTER FROM ECOLOGICAL LAN FOR PROPERTY TO THE SOUTH.	FOR REVIEW
DONE			5/14/2014		SLL	Permit Issued **	TORTHOLERT TO THE GOOTH.	
DONE	3/19/2014		5/13/2014		BDM	Stormwater Review	BDM 5/13/2014 - APPLICANT'S STMWTR PLAN APPEARS WITH MINIMUM DOE REQ'S FOR SPLASHBLOCKS - SEE	
							BDM 4/21/2014 - NEEDS STMWTR PLAN THAT MATCHES	CONTOURS
DONE	3/19/2014		3/19/2014		DEB	Slopes-GeoHazards	PROPOSING RAIN DRAINS TO SPLSH BLKS WITH LESS T SPLSH BLK AND 50' VEGETATED FLOW PER SP BLK FLAT LOT	THAN 700 SF PER
DONE	3/19/2014		4/17/2014		BDM	Shoreline	BDM 4/17/2014 - NO WTLNDS ONSITE PER BRENT - SEE	WTLND ACTIVITY
							SHORELINE IS ONLY APPLICABLE IF THERE ARE WETLA ROUTED TO BRENT	NDS PRESENT -
RCASEACTI	VITIES.rpt							000

